BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIII---NO. 115. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR.

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.
jan15-1yr

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet St, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.

Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

MALLETTE'S ADDITION TO

PORT ANGELES.

This being a portion of the finest land in Clallam County, we need not further describe it. All investors who have followed us for the last two years will know we give good values. The new County Road runs through the property. The land is first class.

PRICES—$125, CORNER; INSIDE, $100.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.
mar18

DO YOU WANT

A City Lot,
A House and Lot,
Business Property,
Acre Property,
Farm Property,

IF SO

We have a most complete list of Properties for sale in Victoria and suburbs; the Farming Districts of the Province; Port Townsend, Port Angeles, Wash., and other points, of which the following is a

PARTIAL LIST:

2¼ acres St. Charles Avenue	$ 6,000
2¼ acres, with 2-story house on Gorge Road	11,000
175 acres on Saanich Inlet	3,000
4 lots on Foul Bay Road---easy terms	1,400
2 lots on Yates street	2,500
1 lot on Foul Bay	400
1 lot on Douglas street---easy terms	1,200
4 lots on Menzies street (James Bay)	2,750
Lot and 2-story house on Belcher street	4,500
2 lots on King's Road	2,500
Lot and 2 houses, Yates street	11,000
Lots in Beckley Farm, James Bay	1,000
5 acres Oak Bay Avenue	6,000
1 lot Humboldt street (corner), easy terms	1,800
4 acres and house, Lansdowne Road	4,500
2 acres Cedar Hill Road	2,000
25 acres Saanich Road	5,000
5¼ acres do. do.	1,000
2 acres St. Charles Avenue	2,400
1 acre do. do (corner)	1,400
2 lots Beacon street, James Bay each	1,000
1 lot and large house, Chatham street, Spring Ridge--- only $600 cash, balance on time	3,000
1 lot Parry street, James Bay (half cash)	800
3 lots Vancouver and Parkington streets	4,200
1 house and lot North Park street---easy terms	3,500
45 acres Esquimalt Road	
2 lots Fernwood each	400
255 acres, 5 miles out Cadboro Bay Road	3,200
100 lots Nelson City each	125
1 block Dallas Road	1,000
28 acres Oak Bay Avenue	25,000
2 lots James Bay, Tramway line	2,200
2 lots Beacon street each	1,000
2 lots Viewfield, Esquimalt Road	2,750
1 acre, Esquimalt Road	2,000
2 lots Johnston street and Fernwood Road each	1,000
1 acre corner Richmond and Oak Bay Avenues	2,200
House and Lot, North Park street	3,500
72 acres on Oak Bay Beach and Cadboro Bay Road	
3 lots corner Vancouver and Parkington streets	4,200
House and lot, Yates street; House and lot, Waddington alley	20,000
2 lots Fairfield Estate each	650
4 lots Cook street	4,500
1 lot Yates street, betw. Quadra and Blanchard streets	6,500
1 lot Humboldt street	4,000
Lots and Acre property Port Angeles	
" " " Port Townsend	
One five acre Block, Port Angeles	
" ten " " " "	

We can give you as good terms on all properties as desired. If you contemplate buying Real Estate you cannot do better than give us a call. Correspondence solicited.

IRVING & JOHNSTON,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Trounce Avenue, - - Victoria, B. C.
ap4

Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, $6,000,000; TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS, OVER $8,000,000.

Insurances Effected on all Classes of Property at Current Rates.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

E. D. LACY, Resident Manager for Canada at Montreal. H. E. CROASDAILE, Agent for Vancouver Island, 42 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.
fy1-6m

ROBINSON & CO.

58 Fort Street,

REAL ESTATE

AGENTS. m2

WANTS.

WANTED, by a young lady, situation as bookkeeper or short-hand writer. Give references. Address "A. M. P.," this office. ap27-3t

WANTED — immediately — first-class Basque makers, at Mrs. Le Prince's, 52½ Government street. ap27-3t

WANTED—A girl about 14 years old to take care of two children. Apply Halfway House, Esquimalt Road. ap25-1w

WANTED, by young married couple, small cottage to rent; or furnished room and plain board and attendance in private house, with or without use of sitting room, must be clean and respectable, terms easy, neighborhood of Moss street, near sea with view preferred. Apply "A.," COLONIST office. ap24

YOUNG SCOTCHMAN (age 24), of good address and education, desires employment. Address "K.," COLONIST office. ap23-1w

WANTED!

A COMMON-LAW CLERK. APPLY to DRAKE, JACKSON & CO., Solicitors, Vancouver, B. C. ap19 tf

WANTED—A duly qualified Teacher for the Cowichan School. Duties to commence on the 1st May. Apply W. S. MARSHALL, Sec'y, Koksilah Post Office. ap19-6t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A good General Servant. Highest wages paid. Apply 33 Gorge road. ap22-1t

TENDERS.

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the undersigned until noon on Tuesday, April 29th, for the

THOROUGH SPRINKLING

of Government street, from Cormorant st, to James Bay Bridge.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE,
ap26-3t Government street.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to Thursday, May 1st, at noon, for the erection of a two-story Frame Dwelling House on Parkington street, by the undersigned, at whose office plans and specifications may be seen.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

THOS. B. NORGATE,
ap24 Architect, Yates st.

Estate of F. H. ROBSON, of Kamloops, in Liquidation.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to Thursday, the 15th day of May, for the purchase of the following undermentioned property belonging to the above estate, viz.:

1st. Stock of merchandise and furniture in store, a complete list of which can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or on the premises at Kamloops.

2nd. Store building, including fixtures, and lot upon which it is situated, being lot 8, block 30, town of Kamloops.

3rd. For corner lot in block 4, 100ft x 256ft, (fronting on three streets,) with frontage of 256 feet on First Avenue, Kamloops.

A separate tender is requested for each of the properties enumerated.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. W. C. Martin, at present in charge of the premises.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. P. RITHET,
Assignee of the Estate.
Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1890. ap22

To Close Out an Estate.

TENDERS

Will be received up to noon of

MAY 1st, 1890,

for the purchase of the following Real Estate in the

CITY OF VICTORIA.

1st. All that house and lots known as 151 Fisgard street.

2nd. All that house and lot known as 39 Cook street, at present occupied by Capt. Benson.

3rd. All of those lots known and described as lots numbers 29, 30 and 31, of the Fernwood Estate.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders to be addressed to—

MR. CHAS. ELLIOTT,

Care of FRANCIS BOURCHIER,
ap22-td VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned up to Monday, 5th May, for the erection of a Residence, on a plot of ground facing Belcher street, near Moss street.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ap23 Architect.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to noon, May 7th, for the erection of a three-story Business Premises to be situated facing the corner of Yates street and Commercial alley.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ap23-td Architect.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION of British Columbia Medical Council will be held in the city of Victoria on the 6th day of May next. Full information by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
ap24-td Registrar and Secretary.

FOR SALE.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE in Victoria, with ample grounds and many unique attractions. Ten minutes walk from the Post Office. Frontage on three streets and the harbor. Substantial dwelling-house, with moderate-sized, lofty, sunny rooms, several bedrooms, bathroom, frost-proof cellar, and usual out-buildings. House and grounds thoroughly drained with brick and tiles. Large lawn, choice shrubs, flowers, and fruit in great variety and perfect condition. Boathouse. Address, P. O. box 423, Victoria. ap2-1m

PLEASURE SLOOP

FOR SALE—FULL-RIGGED, LEAD ballast, etc. Almost new. Apply "P. H.," this office. ap22-1w

NOTICE.

To Owners of Dogs.

Owing to the depredations of dogs at Cloverdale Farm, POISON is laid over the premises. All dogs trespassing, unaccompanied by owners, will be destroyed.

April 22nd, 1890. J. W. TOLMIE.
ap23-1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Two first-class waitresses and chambermaids at a hotel in city. To competent help good wages will be paid. Address "C. D.," this office. ap29-3t

WANTED—The Matron of Chinese Girls' Home would like to have orders, in knitting, crocheting, of children's garments, or outlining, etc. Please call at No. 100 Cormorant street. ap29-6t

LOST—A gold locket and chain, on Douglas street, somewhere between Fort st. and Princess avenue. Finder leaving it at this office will be rewarded. ap29-1t

FOR SALE.

ONE GREY MARE IN FOAL—Cheap. Age 7 years; weight 1000 lbs. Apply W. H. Adams, at Singer Manufactur'g Co.'s office, Broad street. ap29.1w

British Barque



"EARL DERBY,"

FROM LONDON.

ANY CLAIMS against this Vessel must be sent in to the undersigned by noon, Thursday, 1st May, prox. ROBT. WARD & CO., Wharf st., Agents Barque "Earl Derby," Victoria, 28th April, 1890. ap29

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH

A CONCERT

Will be given in the Sunday School Room,

On Thursday, May 8th.

ADMISSION, 50c., including Refreshments. Doors open at 7:30; commence at 8 p.m.
ap29

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
26th April, 1890.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Collectors of Votes within and for the respective Electoral Districts—as the same are defined by the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890,"—placed opposite their names, viz.:—

JOHN C. MOLLET for Alberni Electoral District.

JOHN BOWRON for Cariboo Electoral District.

WM. H. DEMPSTER for Skeena Polling Division, Cassiar Electoral District.

JAMES PORTER for Stickeen Polling Division, Cassiar Electoral District.

WALTER B. ANDERSON for Comox Electoral District.

HARRY O. WELLBURN for Cowichan Electoral District.

HARVEY COMBE for Esquimalt Electoral District.

JOEL BROADWELL for Islands Electoral District.

STEPHEN REDGRAVE for East Kootenay Electoral District.

GEORGE C. TUNSTALL for West Kootenay Electoral District.

FREDERICK SOUES for Lillooet Electoral District.

MARSHAL BRAY for Nanaimo Electoral District.

MARSHAL BRAY for Nanaimo City Electoral District.

CHAS. WARWICK for New Westminster City Electoral District.

CHAS. A. COLDWELL for Vancouver City Electoral District.

WM. H. ROBERTSON for Victoria Electoral District.

HARVEY COMBE for Victoria City Electoral District.

CHAS. WARWICK for Westminster Electoral District.

FREDERICK HUSSEY for Yale Electoral District.

RICHARD MORRISON, of the City of Victoria, Esquire, M. D., to be a Coroner for the Electoral Districts of Victoria City, Victoria and Esquimalt, *vice* William Jackson, deceased. ap29-1t

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th April, 1890.

WHEREAS the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is empowered, under the provisions of the "Election Regulation Act," to divide Electoral Districts into Polling Divisions; it is hereby notified that His Honour has been pleased to divide the Cassiar Electoral District, as defined in the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," into two Polling Divisions, as follows:—

All that portion of the said Electoral District north of the 56th parallel of north latitude to be one Polling Division, to be known as the "Stickeen Polling Division."

All that portion of the said Electoral District south of the said parallel of north latitude to be the other Polling Division, to be known as the "Skeena Polling Division."

By Command.

JNO. ROBSON,
ap29-1w Provincial Secretary.

Sons of England Benefit Society

A BRANCH LODGE of the above Society is about to be established in Victoria. Persons wishing to join can obtain all information by applying
ap22 1w P. O. Box 109, Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA RESTAURANT

Is re-opened by MRS. I. FENWICK, who wishes the patronage of all her friends. Home cooking. Meals 25c.

Corner Fort and Douglas sts.
ap24-1m

TO LET.

PLEASANT, comfortably furnished bedroom, private house, good locality; partial board or otherwise. For address and particulars apply to Mr. Hawkins, grocer, Fort street. ap23-1w

"ERMINIE" THE EXQUISITE

Scores a Brilliant Success by Our Local Company.

Welcomed by a Large, Enthusiastic and Appreciative Audience at The Victoria.

Erminie metamorphased; Erminie changed in many parts almost past recognition, but Erminie still popular, was presented at The Victoria theatre last evening by the local amateur opera company. Who that had heard it at the Opera Comique a little over three years ago would recognize the Erminie of to-day as it is seen in various parts of the globe adapted to the requirements of the particular circumstances surrounding its production? But then who can resist the charm of its music, the natural pathos and humor that bubble up from beginning to end, and the fascination it possesses for sincere lovers of a light yet pleasing story? A large and very enthusiastic audience greeted it last evening in its almost new dress. The curtain rose on a pretty scene, of brilliancy and animation. The costumes were in the main correct to their time, but some years before the period of the opera, and it should be remembered that people's fancy changes considerably in the matter of dress during the course of a few years. An opening chorus is like the keynote to a piece of music; there could scarcely be a more pleasing effort than Ermieie's, and last evening's chorus was good, in time, in tune, and not over done. The first act contained a deal of matter, was rather comprehensive and covered a great deal of time. One or two matters could be remedied; for instance, an old man like the Chevalier de Brabazon, a polished courtier, would never make love to a lady of Erminie's rank and beauty before a score or so of laughing, bouncing lads and lasses. And yet the song "When love is young" was sung with a chorus. Still it was pleasantly sung, but it requires acting and elocution to make it thoroughly appreciable. Then the thieves, Ravennes and Cadeaux, the life and soul of this equisite little opera, have been seen to infinitely worse advantage in professional productions than they were last night.

The second act was also considerably altered, but to the casual looker-on it was very acceptable, and full of brilliancy in the main. As to the performers, a great deal may be said to their credit; there were but few if indeed any, falterings, and about as many short-comings. With regard to the ladies, everything was perfection; it always is so. Mr. Herbert Kent took the role of the marquis, and was appreciable to some extent, especially in his song "All for Glory. Miss Heathfield was a charming Erminie, collected and self-commanding as Erminie should be. She was soon a great favorite, but she deserved the praise awarded her. Her toilette was simply faultless, but that was not all. She did especial credit to her part, which she performed with grace and dignity. Indeed her self-possession saved one or two passages. She also sang sweetly and correctly. Mr. T. H. Lang was seen for just one minute as the Viscompte de Brissac. Mr. S. Y. Waaton need but little make him a good Eugene. The performance of Messrs. C. W. Rhodes and C. A. Lombard as Ravennes and Cadeaux respectively, was meritorious to a degree; the former has a good presence and a fair voice; the latter every quality for his part. His humor seemed perfectly natural and created roars of laughter just as natural. Marie (Miss Annie Shaw) was a character of whom a great deal more might have been seen without lessening the esteem in which she was held. Her voice is of pleasant tone, agreeably pitched in a compass which she never exceeds, and thus always keeps in tune. She avoids affected emotion, keeps as accurately to the music as the orchestra will allow her, and at the same time does not sacrifice musical accuracy to expression or vice-versa. She also sang from "The Gondoliers," a rather difficult piece, though not one to be popular. Still she was also recalled for it. Miss Florence Pauline made a pretty Cerise, though her part was altogether eliminated and she was unable to exhibit that love, so noble, so self-sacrificing, which a sister can alone exhibit; a scene which is one of the most beautiful features of Erminie. The remaining roles were—Mr. H. Yates, Chevalier de Brabazon; Mr. C. A. Rattray, Dufois; Mr. C. Waterman, Sergeant; Miss Burns, Clementine; Mrs. G. Simpson, the Princess. The chorus was very creditable, on the whole; the orchestration was good throughout, except in the chorus once or twice, and they gave some of the sweetest passages of the opera very touchingly and expressively.

To sum up, if to-night anything like last night's performance is given, and there is no possible reason why there should not, a very full and appreciative house is guaranteed.

NOTICE.

ANY PERSON REGISTERED AS A voter in any of the Electoral Districts of the Province, as the same existed before the passage of the "Constitution Amendment Act, 1890," whose name would, under the provisions of the said Act, in the absence of application to the contrary, be carried to the Register of Voters for some Electoral District other than the Electoral District where any such person resides, may within thirty days of the passage of the Provincial Voters' Act (which period of thirty days will expire on the 26th May proximo) have his name placed upon the Register of Voters for the Electoral District where he resides, upon application in writing to the Collector for the last named District, subject to the provisions of the said Act.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Dated April 28, 1890. ap29

GEORGE BYRNES, AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

FURNITURE, HORSES, ETC.

THIS DAY,

Tuesday, April 29, 11 A.M.

I have been instructed by A. VIDLER, Esq. to sell by Auction, at his residence, Dallas Road, all his Household Furniture, &c., &c.

A Grand Piano, by Broadwood; guitar, flageolet, lot of music, music stand, Brussels carpet, easy chairs, cherry table, lambrequin, rugs, hanging lamps, tea table, ornaments, blinds, Indian curtains and poles, side board, table, sofa, barometer, glassware, cruet.

Several fine oil paintings of British Columbian scenery. Vancouver Narrows, taking in the old steamer Beaver, Nanaimo, Victoria, Pitt Lake and various parts of the coast.

A traveller's instantaneous photographic machine, table, chair, and other easels, a lot of oil painting material, double barrel shot gun and ammunition, barometer, 8 bound volumes of the Graphic, Pictorial Europe, side saddle, gentleman's saddle, bridles, bits, spurs, fishing rods and basket, polo stick, mink and bear traps.

3 bedroom suites, mattresses, toilet sets, blankets, pillows, wardrobe, blinds, carpets.

A Model range with hot water pipes and 40-gallon boiler, tinware, crockery, meat safe, lot lamps, tubs, lot tools, axes, large iron water tank, garden and stable tools, etc, etc.

Also, 3 quiet Horses, two will go in harness and one for saddle.

—ALSO—

A fine centre-board shooting and fishing yacht. She has been well proved as a good safe and seaworthy craft; also an 18 foot centre board skiff and a canoe.

G. BYRNES,
ap26 Auctioneer.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Children's Aprons,
Children's White Dresses,
Children's Sun Bonnets,

Boys' Sailor Suits,
In Duck and Galatea,
Boys' Serge Suits,
Boys' Jersey Suits,

Ladies' Blouse Waists,
In Zephyr, Cambric, Flannelette, Flannel, and Fancy Materials.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

Sunday's Harvest of Wrong Doers Undergoing Monday Penance.

Promptly at 11 o'clock his honor the police magistrate entered the court yesterday morning and took his seat to judge the Sabbath breakers, who, full of compunction for their wrong doing, always come before this tribunal. It is usually the same story repeated with but little variation. The first receipient of magisterial penance was Thos. Boland, who laid claim to both sides and the middle of the street with the foot paths as a special reserve. The police disputed the claim and brought Thomas before the magistrate, who acted as arbiter. He did not coincide with Thomas' claim, and the latter didn't push it, but he pushed over coin of the realm to the amount of $5 for the privilege of taking part in the performance.

Hy. Smith, who has been forty years a sailor, so far forgot himself as to get the worse for liquor, and strenuously resisted the gentle persuasion brought to bear upon him by the police to take shelter in the station. For this he was fined $5 and costs. A further charge was preferred against him of having in his possession a sheath knife, for which offence there was a penalty of $40. The accused, however, appeared to be ignorant that it was an infraction of the law to carry this weapon, which he explained to the court he carried for use on board ship, cutting ropes and cords. There was some difficulty in placing this crime at his door, as he earnestly pleaded ignorance of the law, and said he would never have carried the knife had he known to do so was punishable. The chief of police, however, said it was necessary that the law should be thoroughly understood, as sailors coming on shore and getting under the influence of drink were liable to snatch out these knives and render themselves both a danger and a nuisance to the public. He hoped that the accused would be an example, but he (the chief) would not press the case. The prisoner thanked the court, but was grieved to hear that his knife was confiscated. It had cost him half a dollar and had been a good friend to him.

Ah (there) Charlie, is a son of the Celestial empire, a very young one, 15 years old perhaps, who came over with his uncle and resolved to cast in his lot with this great and growing Canada of ours. If he were rich and held a high position he would be called a kleptomaniac, as he is very prone to appropriating to his personal use that which of right does not belong to him; as it is, however, he is a thief. He was employed by the proprietor of the Standard saloon, to whose cigars he took such a strong liking that he resolved to try a sample of eight with a view to purchase, probably. But the proprietor being unavoidably absent at the time, Charley took the cigars and forgot to acquaint the owner. The latter placed the case in the hands of the police, and Charley was presented to his honor at Monday morning's drawing room reception. The magistrate was so pleased with the debutant that he resolved to keep him for one month in Her Majesty's service.

The case against Berry for alleged breaking into Mr. Isaac's store, was dismissed for want of sufficient evidence.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Labor Movement.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—A canvas was made of every representative trade in this city to learn the prospect of the 1st of May troubles. The carpenters will strike for eight hours, and will be backed by the federation. There are 4,000 journeymen in the city, two-thirds of whom are members of the union. Of this number, 75 per cent. are now getting the required terms, and the same proportion of non-union men are working on the demanded schedule. A small strike of zinc smelters, 130 men, is in progress in Carondelet. The demand is for the restoration of four discharged men. The cigar makers are working eight hours, and report only one man out of employment. The printers will strike for eight hours. Of 800 brewers only 250 are in the union. They will demand 10 hours on week days, and between 3 and 8 hours on Sunday. None of the other trades show signs of a strike.

A Bucket Shop Gone Under.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—Marrick, Price & Co., proprietors of a bucketshop here, to-day announced their suspension. The firm had "laid down" on their customers, but announce that it will pay 100 cents on the dollar. This is the second bucket shop which has gone under here since the recent upward movement in stocks began.

Dock Laborers' Strike.

DULUTH, April 23.—About 500 laborers on the Ore docks at West Superior struck for higher wages this evening. They are now receiving 40 cents an hour, and demand 50 cents.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

The May Day Labor Programme Arranged.

The Newspapers Propose to Confer a Title on Stanley.

The Irish Railway Porters' Strike Still on—Interest in the Newmarket and Derby Races.

THE MAY DAY PROGRAMME.

LONDON, April 28.—Numerous meetings were held to-day by the labor organizations at which the great event in the labor world, the advent of the momentous 1st of May, 1890, was discussed. The programme and plans were finally settled for next Sunday's demonstrations. The men in all trades claim to be confident of success in the movement for shorter hours, and they are certainly enthusiastic enough to indicate that their confidence is not assumed.

The chief features of next Sunday's programme will be a number of imposing processions of members of the various trades, and the subsequent monster mass meetings. The police profess not to be at all afraid of any disturbance, but they are very properly taking every precaution that experience or foresight can suggest to guard against any accident or untoward incident which might provoke trouble. The general disposition on the part of the authorities is to give full rein to the people in the matter of lawful assembly and movement through the streets, and not to interfere unless it becomes absolutely necessary to do so. It is to be regretted, according to advices from from other capitals, that the authorities of the continental countries seem to take a different view of their duties, and are inclined to place restrictions on the people which may prove to some so irritating as to cause disorder, where otherwise everything would pass off peacefully. There is no denying that the general feeling throughout Europe is one of uneasiness and apprehension, and everybody wishes the 1st of May were past.

DEFECTS IN A WAR SHIP.

Owing to the defects which have been discovered in the British war ship Thrush, the vessel will not be ready to put in commission for a month to come. The Thrush's first voyage, it is expected, will be to America, and she is to be under the command of his royal highness, Prince George of Wales.

THE IRISH RAILWAY STRIKE.

The Irish railway strike situation is becoming worse, rather than better. The labor disturbances in Ireland, like the social disorders of the country, seem to assume a better aspect than similar affairs in most other countries, and it is not improbable that serious trouble will occur before the present difficulty is settled. The railroad directors have determined to take advantage of the legal rights possessed by them, and have begun prosecutions against signal men who have left the company's employ without the formal notice required by law, and there is not the slightest doubt but that the men will be made to suffer severely for their hasty action.

GREAT MASS MEETING.

The impetus given to trades unionism by the great strike of the London dock laborers has never for a moment flagged since the successful issue of that event. Indeed, the growth of organized labor during the past six or eight months has been little less than marvellous throughout the whole kingdom, and the harmony of action and unanimity of purpose among the various organizations is equally wonderful. Preparations for the mammoth labor meeting, which is to be held in Hyde Park on Monday, May 4th, have been active in all parts of England for several week past, and meetings were held in many cities and towns yesterday, at which the plans of the various branches which are to participate were perfected. Seventy-two districts, aggregating 250,000 laborers, will take part in a procession, which will be divided into sections, and march from every quarter of the town to the common meeting place—Hyde Park, one of the unions marching 16 miles to reach the position to which it is assigned. Of the whole number of paraders, 150,000 will form on the Thames embankment. There is considerable friction between the socialists and trades unionists, owing to the manifest disposition of the latter to hold themselves aloof from the former, and it is feared trouble will grow out of the feeling unless they can be induced to sink their prejudices and act together for this occasion at least. The socialists are, as usual, the more aggressive party, and their attitude furnishes the greater part of the grounds for the stubbornness of the unionists.

HONORING HENRY M. STANLEY.

The newspapers are earnestly discussing the question of honoring Stanley by conferring a title upon him, and those, journals favoring the idea and unanimous in suggesting that the explorer be created Lord Stanley of the Congo. It is not believed by the more intimate of Stanley's friends that he will be willing to accept the title, which would unquestionably detract from his greatness.

THE DERBY FAVORITE.

In the race for the 200 Guineas Stakes at Newmarket on Wednesday there will be 12 starters, and the knowing ones are firm in the belief that the winner of the race will also be the winner of the Derby.

TRIAL OF SOCIALISTS.

The trial of the Socialists who were leaders in the riots at Strassfurt in February, was begun at Magdebury today; 501 Alsatians have been condemned to pay a fine of 2,000 marks each for emigrating in order to escape military service, and the property of those who left any behind has been levied on.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, April 28.—In the Commons this evening, Mr. Chamberlain said he fully agreed with the suggestions of the Parnellites relating to the establishment of cheap registration and transfer. He did not object to state aid, but thought the state had a right to make conditions to prevent districts from relapsing into their former position. Parnell's scheme could not safely be substituted for the government's, but the government might limit the bill to holdings of less than £5. Mr. Chamberlain approved of the incorporation to some extent of the proposal of Parnell in the government's bill. He admitted the strength of the Parnellite objections to hypothecating Irish local resources without Irish consent. The land question, he said, ought not to be one of party politics. All parties were agreed on many of the principles and to arrive at an unpartisan settlement and thus secure national benefits.

Sir Wm. Harcourt congratulated Mr. Chamberlain on his ability to skate over thin ice. He asked if the latter's speech was intended to indicate that he was for or against the bill. The Government, he thought, would do better to withdraw the bill than to accept the plans of both Chamberlain and Parnell.

CABLE NEWS.

Freddy and the Lily.

LONDON, April 28.—It is openly announced that Mrs. Langtry and Freddie Gebhard are "out," and that the Jersey Lily is receiving the attentions of Lord Durgan, an Irish peer.

At the Head of His Troops.

BERLIN, April 28.—It is announced by Emperor William that on May day he will command the Berlin Garrison in person, and will ride at the head of the first body of troops which may be called into action.

The May Day Labor Demonstration.

BRUSSELS, April 28.—It is estimated that 200,000 men, principally miners, will take part in the May day labor demonstration. Organized demonstrations will take place in Brussels, Liege, Mons, and Charleroi. It is not expected that there will be any disorder.

Rumored Resignation.

BERLIN, April 28.—It is announced that Herr Rottenburg will shortly resign his membership in the privy council and take up his residence in England.

Precautions Against Disorder.

ROME, April 28.—Nine groups of anarchists are organizing for a demonstration on May day. The police and garrison of Rome have been reinforced as a measure of precaution against disorder.

Dahomey and the French.

PARIS, April 28.—Le Temps publishes despatches from Kolanau, stating that the King of Dahomey wrote to Colonel Terrillon, on April 20th, threatening to attack Port Novo on the 27th. Capt. Fournier, naval commander, the dispatch says will retaliate by bombarding Whydah.

A Riot Quelled.

VIENNA, April 28.—The disorder at Kolomea, in Galicia, was finally quelled by the troops. The peasants attempted to burn several mansions, but were prevented. The disorderly movement is rapidly spreading in Galicia, particularly in the petroleum districts. At Drahobyesz men have indulged in anti-Jewish rioting, and there has been many arrests. The garrison of Pesth will occupy all the bridges and squares on May day.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS.

The Texas Metropolis Partially Submerged.

Terrible Hailstorm in Baltimore—Much Damage Done—Floods in Louisiana—Few Lives Lost.

DALLAS, Tex., April 27.—The most destructive flood ever known in the history of North Texas is now passing through the Trinity. The great rain raised every tributary of it far out of its banks. Yesterday and last night it rose rapidly and this morning passed the highest water mark in fifty years. In front of this city it is two miles wide, extending to the front of Flanders Heights west and to Oak Cliff, south of the city. On the north all residences from a hundred yards beyond Cochrane street are submerged, some to the second floor and others to the attic. No one has been reported drowned. All night and all day to-day people have been moving to higher ground. The back water extends far up on the north side of the city, whilst on the south houses are submerged as far up as Ward street north.

Many houses are blown down, but so far only one life has been reported lost.

THE BALTIMORE STORM.

BALTIMORE, April 27.—The storm is fully as bad as reported. The hail went through thick panes of glass as though they were tissue paper and the amount of damage will run up into the thousands. Some of the hailstones were ragged and sharp on the edges as a steel blade. Hens' eggs were nothing to them in size. Many of them were as large as a man's fist. The storm came from the west, but was apparently local in its character and swept on to the east with a rattle like heavy musketry, frightening people out of their wits and hitting those who were on the streets many hard knocks and driving them into places of shelter. There was a perfect Niagara of water with hailstones (or rather chunks of ice) weighing, some of them, a quarter of a pound.

Almost in an instant the streets were rivers, pavements were flooded from two to three inches deep and a man who remained on the streets was almost in danger of losing his life.

The hail drove horses wild. Those that pulled the street cars became uncontrollable and drivers were compelled to let them have their own way. People in cars became panic-stricken and many of them crowded trembling on the floor of the cars, praying for rescue from the elements, while drivers dodged the aerial missiles as best they could.

All over the city the damage was heavy. Charles street windows looked as if they had been on a battlefield. In the Annex, rain, wind and hail did more severe damage than in the city. Walls were swept down, houses unroofed, glass smashed and other damage done.

A FIERCE HAIL STORM.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 27.—The signal office furnishes the following report from the signal service observer from Baltimore:

"The heaviest hail storm on record at this station passed over Baltimore from northwest to southeast between 3:45 and 4 p. m. to-day. Many thousands of windows in the city were broken, the damage being confined mainly to western exposure. Many runaways are reported. Some horses and carriages were abandoned in the streets, their owners leaving them to seek shelter. It is probable that a number of people were injured as the stones were very large, some measuring more than two inches in diameter and weighing more than four ounces each. The extent of the damage is not yet ascertained, but must be very large.

"Many of the car tracks at the foothills are covered to a depth of six inches with soil washed down upon them.

"The wind at 3:55 p. m. attained a velocity of thirty miles per hour, rapidly decreasing after the passage of the storm."

RAGS—Five cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags delivered in the pressroom of THE COLONIST.

CASH prices paid for ladies' and gent's cast off clothing. Address—S. Cooness, 2nd door west Broad st., on Johnson.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Conservatives Jubilant Over the Ottawa Election.

A New Clause Added to the Banking Bill.

The Purchase of the Anthracite Coal Co.'s Property by an English Syndicate Falls Through.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

OTTAWA, April 28.—There was a lively discussion in the house this evening on the principle of aiding Indian schools in British Columbia under church auspices, several members advocating the total separation of church and state.

Progress was made in committee with the banking bill. A new clause was added providing against pledging notes, and that any transaction following such pledge was illegal. A heavy penalty of $2,000 or two years imprisonment, or both, was added.

Negotiations for the purchase of the Anthracite Coal Co.'s property by an English syndicate has entirely fallen through, but report says the syndicate will advance $250,000 to aid in developing the mines at Canmore. The seams there are reported to be better than at Anthracite, and probably the latter will be abandoned.

The Northwest Territories will hereafter be known as the Western Territories. Loughed and Perley protested strongly against the liquor system and the tyranny of the mounted police. There was a lively debate on the dual language question. Bellrose threatened a rebellion of the French-Canadians if the new clause passed.

Ontario architects are protesting against the lax way the duties are levied on American plans and specifications.

Dr. Montague denies the report that he will retire from public life at the end of this parliament.

The Conservatives had a great jubilation to-night over the result of the Ottawa election.

Mulock has introduced a bill making colonial officers eligible to hold positions of command in the Canadian forces.

The Keefer divorce bill passed.

CANADIAN NEWS.

General Superintendent Abbott's Trip.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 28.—General Superintendent Abbott, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Pacific division, passed through to-day on his way to Vancouver from Montreal, where he had a conference with Mr. Van Horne regarding the construction of branch lines in British Columbia and other matters affecting his division.

Cheated the Gallows.

SHELBOURNE, Ont., April 28.—Thos. Morrison, who killed his three children on Thursday night, and afterwards attempted to kill himself by taking poison and throwing himself in the river, died to-night.

The Mail is Jubilant.

TORONTO, Ont., Adril 28.—The Mail is jubilant over the success of the equal rights vote in Saturday's contest at Ottawa, and says, editorially: "Both sides have suffered, the liberals rather more so than the conservatives. The result, as already observed, is for a city, such as Ottawa, marvellous. It should inspire the friends of equal rights to continue in the good work. They are evidently a power in the land, well able to make themselves felt in any constituency."

Shot Her Betrayer.

TORONTO, April 28.—Martha McLean, a domestic servant, aged 22, shortly before noon this morning shot N. J. Hutchison, a mechanic, whom she charged with getting her into trouble, and then took a dose of laudanum intending to commit suidide. Both are at the hospital and will recover. The girl went to Burk's works on Sheppard street, where Hutchison was, and asked him to marry her, and on his refusal, she pulled out a revolver and shot him. She has no friends in Toronto, and comes from Lefoy, on the Northern railway.

First of the Season.

MONTREAL, April 28.—The Dominion line ss. Oregon, from Liverpool, April 17th, passed Martin River this morning, the first arrival from the sea this season.

Death of a Missionary.

TORONTO, Ont., April 28.—At Trinity Methodist Church yesterday, Dr. Johnson announced that word was received from Tokio of the sudden death there of Missionary Large.

Weavers Strike.

HAMILTON, Ont., April 23.—The weavers of the Ontario Cotton Co., and Hamilton Cotton Co., numbering 200, struck to-day against a decrease of 10 per cent. in their wages.

Along the Docks.

The P. S. and Alaska S.S. Co's steamer Edith goes on the Star ways this morning.

Sealing schooner Sea Lion, Capt. Maqueson, having obtained hunters from Seattle last evening, sails for Behring's sea this morning.

Steamer Etta White leaves for Burrard Inlet this morning, her repairs having been completed.

Tug Pilot goes to Moodyville this morning to take the Pachlotus to sea.

The sealer Penelope is having "Victoria" instead of "Shanghai" painted on her stern. Her registry here was made several months ago.

Poisoned With Croton Oil.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., April 28.—The trial of Mrs. Carrie Vandergrift for attempting to slowly poison her stepson, Frank Norman, to death by administering croton oil in his food, with the alleged object of obtaining the insurance money on his life, was begun here today. The case excites great interest, and people have come in from all the surrounding country to be present in court. Dr. Hull, the physician who attended Norman, was the only witness to-day. He testified that when he was called in he found Norman feeble and emaciated, and despite all medical treatment he grew rapidly worse. Dr. Hall finally decided from what he said and heard at the house that something was wrong. He openly accused Mrs. Vandergrift of administering the croton oil and told her that she ought to be in jail. She did not deny the charge, even when he went further and accused her having poisoned her husband. She merely secured another physician and threatened to arrest Dr. Hull for defamation of character. The case was adjourned.

The Colonist

TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY
BY
W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.
THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOV'T ST.

TERMS:
THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States $2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

TESTIMONY FROM THE MAINLAND.

The Inland Sentinel takes a reasonable view of the Redistribution Act. It discusses the measure calmly and from a provincial standpoint. It evidently sees the difficulties which the Government had to overcome in order to frame a redistribution measure that would be accepted by a majority of the Legislature and of the electors of the Province, and it has come to the conclusion that the compromise which has been made is as fair to all sections of the Province as the circumstances permit.

The Sentinel very properly deprecates the violence and the unreasonableness exhibited by some of the opponents of the measure in the New Westminster District. This is what our Mainland contemporary says with regard to the Redistribution Act, and we have no doubt that it voices the opinion of a very large majority in all the Mainland constituencies outside the district of the Lower Fraser:

"It is needless to say the antagonism to the bill introduced prevails only in the New Westminster or Lower Fraser district. Vancouver, a phenomenal and rapidly rising city, is dissatisfied with the two representatives conceded by the bill, while New Westminster district argues that that section of the province is entitled to increased representation owing to increase of population and wealth and of natural resources.

"Admitting the arguments advanced to be true, as to the increase in the ways mentioned, it should also be borne in mind that other sections of the province have likewise been steadily advancing, and what is true of that district is also true of other districts and the same claim for increased representation would be equally valid in their case.

"During the discussion on this bill, and on former occasions, a great deal has been said about Vancouver Island claiming the distinction of being the Province of British Columbia. Might it not with equal justice be said now that New Westminster district is laying claim to the same distinction, and with an equally ill-founded right? Up to the present time the district has had four members—or one-seventh of the total representation of the province, and, by the Redistribution bill now before the House, the same area will have six members—or a little less than one-fifth of the whole representation, and surely it cannot lay claim to having more than one-fifth of the population, area and material wealth of the province. Looking at it in this light we fail to see wherein the justification lies for so much dissatisfaction.

"Rep. by pop. is one of the arguments advanced for an increased representation from the Mainland, and to make the figures tell as good a tale as possible the population of the Island as a whole is taken as against that of the mainland, and it is shown that the Bill is faulty in that particular. Under ordinary circumstances we admit that representation by population is the true basis on which to found a redistribution measure. But the circumstances of B. C. are not of an ordinary nature in this respect, and it would be manifestly unjust to a number of important districts to entertain such a measure. While then, this argument is reasonable on the surface, it is faulty at the core, and the government recognized the fact and acted accordingly.

"As indicating the hot-headed manner in which the bill is being received and discussed in the disaffected district referred to it is only necessary to quote the following of the many resolutions submitted to a meeting of the Mainland Association held in New Westminster last week:

"Moved by Mr. Lawson (North Arm), and seconded by Mr. Harris (Maple Ridge): Whereas, the interests of Vancouver Island differ in many respects from that of the Mainland; and, whereas the inhabitants of Vancouver Island appear to think that the Island is British Columbia, and have had up to the present time the lion's share of our representation and revenue; be it therefore

"Resolved that this meeting, through our delegates, urge the necessity of taking immediate steps to make the Mainland and Vancouver Island separate provinces, and allow them to paddle their own canoes and pay their own piper."

"It is sincerely to be regretted that ordinarily intelligent men would allow their selfish nature to override their common sense sufficiently to place such a resolution on record. The Mainland and the Island are one so far as the prosperity of either is concerned, and the one cannot progress without the other being directly benefited, and the introduction of such resolutions are the veriest clap-trap.

"The redistribution bill is not immaculate. That claim is not made for it by its strongest supporters. But on the other hand we have no guarantee that a bill that would suit the wishes of New Westminster district would be received with favor by other sections of the province."

"OUR SIDE BEST."

"Our side best" is generally the cry of interested spectators of intellectual contests. In the ring when one of the combatants gets a facer or is knocked down the incident is apparent to the most enthusiastic of his backers, and when he is so badly beaten that he cannot come to time all must acknowledge his defeat. But it is different when the weapons of offence and defence are not fists and arms, but facts and arguments. It is not every one who can appreciate the full force of an argument in a controversy, or see the true bearing of a fact. The faces and bodies of the contestants do not show the punishment they receive. The man knocked over stands upright and exhibits no physical sign of defeat. It is more than probable that his bearing is as bold, his voice as loud, and his language even more confident and boastful than that of the man who is really the victor. In the intellectual arena such a thing as throwing up the sponge is unknown, and when the contest is over the partisans of both sides invariably claim the victory.

Knowing that this is the case, we are not surprised to see the Westminster Columbian declaring that Mr. Brown and his associate delegates had the best of it in the discussion with the members of the Government on the Redistribution Bill. Any attempt to convince it that its estimate of the powers and the achievements of the controversialists is a mistaken one would be vain. It does not want to be convinced, and as the injuries which Mr. Brown and his colleagues have received are invisible, and do not require to be dressed by a surgeon, we are quite sure that we could not induce it to admit that they have any, existence. But we are satisfied that any intelligent man who carefully reads the report of the conference will be at no loss to see which side gained the victory. That report may contain a few inaccuracies, as all reports do, but it is in the main faithful, and gives the reader a fair statement of the arguments advanced on both sides. We, for our part, will be quite satisfied with the verdict given by those who read the report of what was said at the conference without prejudice, and we recommend all who wish to come to an intelligent conclusion on the matter, to peruse it carefully. The independent elector need not depend upon the opinions formed by the partizans on either side. He knows that there are very many like the village schoolmaster, who, though beaten, can argue still. He can get the record and, after studying it attentively, judge for himself.

FLOGGING.

Flogging appears to be a barbarous punishment, but there are some who cannot be deterred from evil-doing, except by the fear of physical pain. There is one crime which, it appears to us, cannot be expiated by any punishment, however severe it may be. The brute who outrages a child does not deserve to live. It seems to us that the proper way to deal with such monsters when caught in the act is to kill them on sight. If lynching is in any case justifiable, it is in this. We, therefore, feel no pity for Charles H. Whiting, of Toronto, who received twenty-five lashes for indecently assaulting his own niece, a child of between eleven and twelve years old. His sentence was twenty three months' inprisonment and two floggings, one at the commencement of his term and one near the end of it. He deserved every stripe he received and more. He is not one of those stolid men who can endure pain without flinching. He is evidently a nervous creature who has no powers of endurance, for his screams and writhings showed that he felt the pain of the whipping to be excruciating. The punishment of this man will no doubt have a deterrent effect. The crime which he committed is becoming common in Canada, and if corporal punishment can secure the innocent children from outrage, we trust that the judges will not scruple to inflict it. There is good reason to believe that it will be efficacious, and that fear of the lash will deter those who cannot be restrained by moral obligation or the ordinary punishment inflicted by the courts.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

THE newspaper portrait is a nuisance which calls loudly for abatement. Why should a newspaper publisher, we should like to know, be permitted to represent men—who are, as nature made them, quite creditable specimens of humanity—as drivelling idiots or hardened miscreants, who ought to be serving their time in the penitentiary. Complaints are made of the law of libel. It is said to be senselessly severe, and it is so, for when the law supposes malice to be presumed in the publication of an apparently innocent item of news, it outrages every intelligent man's sense of justice. But it is inconsistent in being so hard on the publisher when it can be easily seen that he has not the slightest intention to misrepresent or to injure, while it permits him to spread broadcast over the land a portrait, which is not only a caricature of the person whom it is supposed to represent, but, artistically considered, is a libel upon human nature. It is libellous to call a man a thief or a perjurer, but a portrait representing him to be the greatest scoundrel that ever appeared in the criminal's dock may be published with perfect impunity. This is not fair. The law of libel should extend to what a contemporary ironically designates "newspaper photographs." We do not know but that some of the horrible things that are called likenesses are actionable. If they are not they ought to be.

THE election in Ottawa must convince the members of the Equal Rights Party that, however they may divide the vote of the two old parties, they are not strong enough to secure the return of a candidate of their own. In Lambton, which is a Liberal constituency, the Equal Rights candidate ran between candidates of the old parties, took some from both, but did not make anything like a close run. In Ottawa, a Conservative constituency, the Equal Rights candidate had no show against so popular a man as Mr. Charles McIntosh. He succeeded in taking votes from both the Conservative and the Liberal candidate, but when the poll closed he was 866 behind. This, it is pretty evident, will be the result in nearly all the constituences where the Equal Rights party put up a man. He may disturb the calculations of the old party men, and may change the balance in favor of one or other of the candidates of the old parties, but he will not poll votes enough to get in himself. We congratulate Mr. McIntosh on his victory.

JAS. HASTIE & Co.

During the next Ten Days
—WE WILL GIVE—
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS
On our Stock of
Carpets, Linoleums, Oilcloth, Window Shades, Parlor and Bedroom Furniture.

As the whole stock must be cleared out during the time stated, special inducements will be offered to intending purchasers. Call early and secure some of the best lots at

62 GOVERNMENT STREET.
ap25-1w

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by MR. ELLIOT to sell at
151 FISGARD STREET,
On Wednesday, 30th inst.,
AT 11 A. M.,
ALL THE WELL-KEPT
FURNITURE,
—WHICH COMPRISE—
Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture.

Also at commencement of sale:
One Pony for a boy or girl.
1 nearly new Chatham Wagon.
W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
ap23

AUCTION SALE

I have received instructions from MRS. COUVES, to sell by Public Auction, at the
BROWN JUG SALOON,
Corner of Fort and Government streets,
—ON—
On Thursday, 1st May,
AT 11 A. M.,
PICTURES (some very fine old Engravings), Counter, Fixtures, Mirror, Glassware, Tables, Chairs, Bagatelle Board, Billiard Table, Cooking and Bar room Stoves, Copper Kettles, gas fixtures, step-ladder, desk and a quantity of Liquors, jars and demijohns.

A TILTON-McFARLANE SAFE.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
ap23

BUSINESS CARDS.

MRS. ALBERT J. CLYDE,
—FASHIONABLE—
DRESS & MANTLE MAKER
Parlors over Victoria House,
Denny's Block, - Government street.
All orders promptly filled.
P. O. Box 475 Victoria, B. C. apl-1m

KELLER & BURRIS,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta, Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenwares,
COR. YATES AND QUADRA STS., VICTORIA, B. C.
dec7

FURS. ROBES.

Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at
KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,
57 JOHNSON STREET,
Headquarters for Indian Curios
GUNS AND AMMUNITION.
dec7-1yr

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins

Victoria Employment Bureau.
No. 23—TIM KEE—Store St.
Can supply all kinds of Chinese help cooks, housekeepers, etc., at wages to suit. Chinese Guides furnished to Tourists.
"CONTRACTOR."
Labor guaranteed. Telephone No. 580
No charges made against Employers of labor.
ap26-12mo

J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder,
10 BROUGHTON ST.

THOS. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT,
Patent Solicitor and Mechanical Engineer,
70 YATES STREET,
feb14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX.
Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors.
Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington Timber limits located.
OFFICE: Room "C," White House (up stairs), Government St. P. O. box 358. f1-6m

PLANTA, NORRIS & ANDERSON,
Real Estate Agents,
TROUNCE AVENUE
P. O. Box 453. ap11-1mo

ANGELA COLLEGE
VICTORIA, B. C.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR young ladies, will
Re-open on Thursday, April 10th
Principal—MISS DUPONT. ap6-1mo

J. F. WADDINGTON,
CONSULTING ENGINEER,
NAVAL ARCHITECT AND SURVEYOR.
Plans and specifications of Vessels prepared and work superintended during construction or repairs. Agent for the sale and purchase of ships and machinery. Office—Cor. BROAD STREET and TROUNCE ALLEY (up stairs). ap12

DR. LEWIS HALL,
DENTIST,
GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.
Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and ether given for painless extraction of teeth.
CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLASST.
Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.
Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

THOROUGHBRED STOCK.
Those wishing to improve their Herds should communicate with the undersigned, who has always on hand choice thoroughbred and high grade Durhams.
MORRISON & ADAMS,
Sunnyside Farm,
mc11-1y Alexandria P. O.

NOTICE TO
Contractors and Others
Just arrived per Bark Archer a large Stock of
PLATE GLASS!
Which we are now prepared to supply at low rates.
Colored Glass, &c., Kept in Stock
J. W. MELLOR & CO.,
m25-1m Painters and Glaziers, 65 Fort St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FEW POINTERS!

TO-DAY
The LANSDOWNE HOUSE will display their Spring and Summer Novelties, and respectfully extend an invitation to all to call and inspect their beautiful Goods.

1st Point
SHOW ROOM.
MILLINERY, MANTLES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, are to be seen on the 2nd Floor. This department is in charge of MRS. HALL, whose ability as a Milliner needs no commendation.

2nd Point
DRESSMAKING.
This department is in charge of MISS DONNELLY, and has given every satisfaction. LADIES—for style, perfect fit, and durability, call and see MISS DONNELLY, at Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

3rd Point
In the Windows, upon the Counters, on the Shelves, are to be seen—

NEW DRESS GOODS,	NEW GLOVES,	NEW PARASOLS,
NEW PRINTS,	NEW LACES,	NEW UMBRELLAS,
NEW SILKS,	NEW RIBBONS,	NEW HOSIERY,
NEW VELVETS,	NEW COVERS,	NEW CORSETS.

FULL LINE OF STAPLE DRY GOODS.

4th Point
While we earnestly beg you to call and inspect our bargains, we neither ask nor expect any favors unless we fully demonstrate with goods and prices the economy that lies in dealing with us.

JOHN PARTRIDGE,
LANSDOWNE HOUSE,
86 Yates Street, - - Victoria, B. C.

We are too busy to write Ads, but we will endeavour to give our customers as good value as usual.
GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

From the Sheep to the Shop!
BOTH QUALITY AND STYLE
Command Our New Line of
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
And the Wear will convince you that the Prices are Very Low.
Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Hosiery,
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
ARTHUR HOLMES'
Corner of Yates and Broad streets.
mc8-6mo

SEE OUR $3.00 BOOTS
LACED AND ELASTIC SIDES.


BEST VALUE
—IN THE—
DOMINION
AT ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
132 Government street, corner Johnson.
m23-dw-1y

FENCING.
Best and Cheapest in the Market; Effective, Durable and Portable. This Fencing is manufactured by us of either laths or pickets, four feet long, woven in galvanized steel wire, and we can place the pickets any distance apart. Price—$1.00 per rod (16½ feet) and upwards.
McLENNAN & McFEELY'S,
70 YATES STREET. my4-12mos TELEPHONE 454.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—Fruit and cigar stand. Apply, "W." COLONIST office. ap2-1m

FOR SALE.
TWO HORSES, ride or drive. Apply 50 Dallas Road.
mc26 A. VIDLER.

FOR SALE
A six roomed two-story house and lot, 60 x 120. For particulars apply at 116 North Park street. mar28-1m

FOR SALE.
House and Lots on Kane st.
A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete, with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Rae street. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n24

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
AS MRS. JAMES RUSSELL IS CLOSing out her business, the entire Stock will be sold at cost.
Embroideries, Laces, Pon-Pons, Briggs' Stamping Patterns, etc.
125 FORT STREET.
ap2

BIG BARGAIN.
Centre Board Boat for Sale.
Length 36 feet Beam 12 feet.
BUILT BY ROBINSON.
A staunch boat in every respect, and very cosy. Will float in 12 inches of water. Price $525 cash; worth double.
W. H. DANBY,
57 Government Street.
P. O. Box 314. Telephone No. 474.
ap2-1mo

FIRST-CLASS
ISLAND HAY FOR SALE.
Delivered. Also about first April next, a lot of young pigs, ¾ Berkshire. Apply to
J. J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Or P. O. Box 302. mc9

CADBORO BAY.
1 Piece of 7½ Acres,
1 Piece of 2½ Acres,
Both for sale. Both lots fronting on Cadboro Bay, and commanding a most charming view. Address P. O. Box 255.
dec17-tf

FOR SALE.
THE WHOLE OF THAT BEAUTIFUL property situate at Maple Bay on the east coast of Vancouver Island, consisting of
160 Acres of Land and 13 Town Lots.
The lots are mostly planted with fruit trees which bear the finest fruit on the Island. There is a large two-story Hotel nearly new, besides the old hotel, store, etc.; also barn, granary, stables; a blacksmith shop, with a good kit of tools; a water tank of 10,000 gallons capacity, for supplying steamboats. The "Isabel" and "Rainbow" call here once a week to and from Victoria and Nanaimo.
Maple Bay is the principal outlet of the great Cowichan Valley, and is also connected by good roads with the E. & N. Railway, being only six miles from Duncan's or Somenos Stations. The bay is a most beautiful spot and is landlocked, which would make it a good locality for a saw mill. As a summer resort, having the nicest beach in the world for bathing, it is unsurpassed. The soil is composed largely of decomposed clamshells, and hundreds of chickens could be raised; while thousands of acres of hillside land afford a chance for profitable sheep raising. There is a post office and store connected with the hotel.
WM. BEAUMONT.
Cadboro Bay Road,
Victoria, March 24, 1890. ap3-6mo-eod

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.
Real Estate Agents,
52 LANGLEY STREET.
Property for Sale on Easy Terms.
PROPERTY ON THE ESQUIMALT Road.
LOTS ON FORT, COLLINSON, ALFRED and Henry Streets.
LOTS ON FERNWOOD ESTATE AND Stanley Avenue.
LOTS ON JAMES BAY.
10 ACRES CEDAR HILL ROAD.
27 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC., ON Gordon Head Road.
14 ACRES WITH HOUSE, ETC., ON Gordon Head Road.
HOUSE AND LOT ON ALFRED ST.
RESIDENCES ON COOK, FORT AND View Streets.
LOTS ON BEACON HILL.
10 ACRES BURNSIDE ROAD.
290 ACRES PENDER ISLAND.
mc1

GARECHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates,
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers, San Francisco, New York and Canada.
Exchange on London, available in parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO.
iy9 1y

W. H. DANBY,
Notary Public & Real Estate Agent,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET.
P.O. Box 314. Telephone 474.
jan12

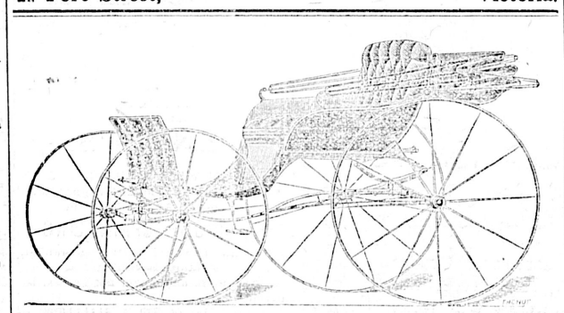
NOTICE.
Re the Estate of ANNIE DEANS, deceased, late of Oakvale Farm, Victoria District.
ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE Estate must be sent in within one month from the date hereof, to the undersigned, to whom all debts due to the said estate must be paid.
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, Bastion street, Victoria,
Solicitors for the Executors.
17th April, 1890. ap18-2w

VICTORIA RICE MILLS,
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
—MILLERS OF—
China and Japan Rice, Rice Meal, Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.
jan7

REMOVAL.
The undersigned have removed from Yates street to
96 JOHNSON STREET
During the erection of their New premises.
mc25 COLBERT & WARNER.

JOHN WEILER
IS NOW RECEIVING
Baby Carriages of Latest Designs. Lancaster Window Shading, some new patterns Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains and Poles, antique Furniture of all kinds.
An invoice of Lincrusta Walton, the most popular of inferior wall decorations.
Furniture, Office Fittings and Mantels of every description made to order.
Largest Stock of Furniture, Crockery and House Furnishings in the Province.
SHOWROOM: 51 TO 55 FORT ST. | FACTORY: HUMBOLDT ST.
dec 22-12m

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.
Japanese Merchants and General Importers,
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA,
Have received by the S.S. "Parthia" a select parcel of goods suitable for the Spring and Summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.
All kinds of Japan Tea, both black and green.
IMPORTANT---Special Notice.
Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gauriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazaar," 45 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk Goods, Costumes, Gloves, Corsets, Jewellery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.
—REAL BARGAINS.—
Our great success during the short time our store has been open, conclusively proves the need of a Japanese Store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price.
We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at close prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.
MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.
41 Fort Street, Victoria.



CARRIAGES, WAGONS and CARTS
IN GREAT VARIETY AT
T. G. PRIOR & CO.'S,
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. - VICTORIA, B. C.
feb-1-dwly

Bryant's Addition to Port Angeles.
We are offering lots in the above Addition at $60 each. The lots are 40 x 125, and are, without exception, the cheapest in the market.
ROUTLEDGE & CO.,
52 GOVERNMENT STREET. ap16-1mo

Keep your Eye on
ABBOTSFORD!
ap23-tf

LAND FOR SALE.
JAMES BURNS,
INSURANCE AGENT
OFFICE.--No. 5 TROUNCE AVENUE, VICTORIA, B. C.
Has for sale twelve and one-half acres lying between Saanich and Gorge Roads, and fronting on Garbally Road.
This piece of land is very well situated for building sites, has been subdivided and is now offered for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Some advantages of this property are: Its nearness to the centre of the city, and to the foundries and factories on the north side. It lies between two leading thoroughfares to and from town, within five minutes walk of the tram cars. Church and school convenient. For recreation Victoria Arm is in the immediate vicinity. Within the radius of the electric light. Land high and dry, sloping gently to the south, easily drained, good soil, and in every way well adapted for residential purposes.
For plans and all particulars apply at the office of the
GLASGOW AND LONDON FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,
AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS. mc1

OGILVIE MILLING CO.
WINNIPEG.
Use Ogilvie's Celebrated Brands of Flour,
"Hungarian" and "Strong Bakers"
The best and most economical in the market for Family and Bakers Use. For sale by all dealers. feb 21

JUST RECEIVED.
Two Carloads of Plows and Harrows,
ONE CARLOAD PAINT,
—ALSO,—
A supply of Field Rollers, Lawn Rollers, Lawn Sweepers, Etc., Etc.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF
S. E. Corner Yates and Broad Sts, VICTORIA, B. C. mar21

NOTICE.
To Real Estate Owners.
THOSE WHO REQUIRE THEIR LAND laid out into blocks or lots of either one, two, four or six acres, will find it to their advantage by applying to
W. E. DEVEREUX,
PORT ANGELES CENTRAL HOTEL.
Parties out in every part of the State. Will only remain here two weeks.
18th April, 1890 ap20-6t

CANARIES FOR SALE
COCKS AND HENS. Apply to
mc28 W. R. CLARKE.

NOTICE.
ANDREW TOLMIE having leased the premises occupied by me for so many years at 45 and 47 Yates street, will carry on the business in conjunction with Duncan Stewart, under the name of
TOLMIE & STEWART,
and by a careful selection of liquors and strict attention to business will keep up the well established reputation of the house.
Thanking my friends for their patronage in the past, I would request a continuation of the same for my successors.
JOHN BOYD.
Several comfortable furnished rooms to let on reasonable terms. ap2-1m

BARGAINS—FURNITURE
CROCKERY, ETC.
BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM business, my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains, Cornices and poles, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc., will be sold for Cash at greatly reduced prices. Also—
FOR SALE OR TO LET,
The best equipped FURNITURE FACTORY in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.
JACOB SEHL,
63 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Special Notice.
WE HAVE
BUILDING LOTS
—ON—
SAANICH ROAD
For $250 and Upwards.
Also Lots on the
Craigflower, Victoria West, James Bay, Cadboro Bay, Foul Bay, Oak Bay and Fernwood, all on easy terms.
CALL AND SEE OUR LIST OF FARMS.
Electric Tramway Shares for Sale.
T. G. RAYNER,
Real Estate, Stock and Share Broker,
BANK BUILDINGS, TROUNCE AVE.
ap2

CHEAP:
RESIDENCE PROPERTY
On Easy Terms.
CRAIGFLOWER ROAD,
VICTORIA WEST.
38 LOTS, part facing on the CRAIGFLOWER ROAD, opposite the property purchased by the late Hon. Robert Dunsmuir, commanding a magnificent view of Arm and Harbour; seven minutes' walk from the proposed Esquimalt Tram line, expected to be running by August next.
20 minutes' walk from P. O.
PRICES FROM $275.
Terms, ¼ cash; balance 4, 8 and 12 months.
FLINT & WILLIAMS
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.
ap10-1mo

REMOVAL.
JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.
oct 1y

The Esmond Hotel
FRONT AND MORRISON, PORTLAND.
FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTment. Centrally located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.
my13-tf THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

THE -:- DELMONICO
(MONS. E. ESCALET, PROP.)
The only first-class Restaurant in Victoria.
Eastern Oysters received by every Steamer.
Private rooms for ladies and family parties.
UNEQUALLED CUISINE.
Parties and Balls attended.
BOARD AT REASONABLE RATES.
Telephone No. 120. 109 Government st.
my7-1yr

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Trustees of James Bay Athletic Association, held on the 19th April instant, an assessment of 50 cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the above Association, payable at their office on or before the 30th April, 1890.
ap20 H. B. YOUNG, Sec.

LATEST ALASKA NEWS.

Two Sons Start for the Yukon in Search of Their Father's Remains.

The Closing Down of Operations at the Bear's Nest Mine—Death of Stillman Lewis—Mining News.

Alaska papers up to the 19th inst. are to hand.

Spring had not yet set in. However, on Saturday, the 12th, there was a change. It commenced to snow and blow, and this continued for several days. Considerable snow remains on the ground, which is slowly disappearing under the rays of the warm sun. Prospectors are anxiously awaiting fine weather so as to get out into the mountains.

The closing down of operations on the Bear's Nest has thrown a number of men out of employment and makes Douglas city somewhat quiet. It is doubtful whether operations will be re-opened in the spring.

Last October there was published an account of the trials and misfortunes of four miners returning from the Yukon, who became lost and two of the party perished and the other two reached Juneau in a half famished condition. The names of the unfortunates who perished were A. Ingram and F. C. Young, and the survivors were R. C. Rose and J. W. Sperry. On the Topeka J. W. Sperry returned, accompanied by two sons of the unfortunates, who will start into the Yukon country in search of the remains of their fathers, for the purpose of bringing them out and taking them below for interment in the family cemetery. The search will be a hard one, as the bodies were probably devoured by mosquitoes and the bones are covered with snow and debris. It is to be hoped the expedition will be successful, as the respect and reverence of the sons for their fathers is certainly commendable, and rarely displayed under such circumstances.

Messrs. Willoughby and Ware received on the Topeka a Huntington quartz mill which they intend operating on their Admiralty island property. They have enough quartz in sight to keep the mill running for a number of years. The ore is of a good grade. Archie Campbell has returned from below whither he went to look at the operations of the various small mills. After a thorough investigation he intends a purchase of one which he intends putting on his property in Silver Bow Basin. His ore contains a considerable quantity of galena and therefore cannot be successfully worked by the ordinary process. There are a large number of good locations which, with a small mill, would yield handsome incomes to the owners, and by following such a course would enhance the value of their property and also have a tendency to find a ready sale for them.

THE SEMI-JUBILEE

Of the Rev. Thomas Somerville, M. A., Formerly of St. Andrew's, Victoria.

(Glasgow Paper, April 2nd, 1890.)

We cannot refer to this as an event of local importance. In the beginning of the year a committee was formed of the members of Blackfriars, St. David's, Kirkintilloch, and St. Andrew's, British Columbia, to make preparation. Under the guidance of their chairman, Mr. Brand, they made good progress.

On Sabbath, 23rd March, there were special services in Blackfriars, conducted by Dr. Story, Mr. Murray, of Carlton, and Mr. Somerville. The church was so full that Dr. Powell, who had come across from British Columbia, and come down from London the night before, arrived a little behind time, and asked a seat. "I'm afraid you cannot get one," said the church officer. "Cannot get a seat for me, and I have come all the way from British Columbia!" After a time one was secured near the pulpit, and the doctor satisfied. On Tuesday, the 25th, a soiree was held in the city hall, Sir John N. Cuthbertson presiding. There were present many members of the Presbytery and of the town council, Mr. Robt. Wallace, late postmaster, Victoria, and Dr. Powell. Apologies were read from Sir James King and others. Among these, one from James Geobie, San Francisco, made the welkin ring, "Prevented coming over to-night—hearty congratulations." An address, beautifully illuminated, was presented by Mr. Wallace, on behalf of the managers and members of St. Andrew's, Victoria, and another from St. David's.

A beautiful centrepiece was presented by Mr. Brand, for the congregation and friends, to Mrs. Somerville, and a purse of 400 sovereigns to Mr. Somerville, who thanked them for the gift and the kind words which accompanied it. In doing so he rehearsed some of the most interesting incidents of his ministry, and closed by saying, "that after an experience of 25 years I regard it as an unspeakable privilege to proclaim the gospel of Christ, and in a world filled with sin, and sorrow, and death to point men to the promises of God that shine above us as stars in the skies, and cheered by the occasion, and by your kindness, I will go on courageously to the unknown future. I will go on in the strength of the Lord."

NAMES OF DOMESTIC FABRICS

It takes an experienced shopping person to understand the names of all the fabrics that enter into our domestic economy. Most of their names are derived from ancient and other old world cities where first produced, and every dealer should know something of the origin, composition, and make of his wares, although very few understand these things. A dealer in merchandize cannot be too familiar with the articles in which he deals, however unimportant they may seem to some.

For the information of dealers and customer, The Journal reproduces from an eastern commercial exchange, giving the derivation of the names of some of the leading domestic fabrics. Damask is from the city of Damascus; satins from Zaytown in China; calico from Calicent, a town in India, formerly celebrated for its cotton cloth and where calico was also printed. Muslin is named from Mosul in Asia. Alpaca, from an animal in Peru of the lama species, from whose wool the fabric is woven. Buckram, takes its name from Fostat, a city of the Middle Ages, from which the modern Cairo is descended. Taffeta and tabby from a street in Bagdad. Cambric from Cabrai. Gauze has its name from Gaza; baize from Bajac; dimity from Damietta, and jeans from Jean. Drugget is derived from a city in Ireland, Drogheda. Duck comes from Torque, in Normandy. Blanket is called after Thomas Blanket, a famous clothier connected with the introduction of woollens into England about 1340. Serge derives its name from Xerga, a Spanish name for a peculiar woollen blanket. Diaper is not from D'Ypres, as it is sometimes stated, but from the Greek diaspron, figured. Velvet is from the Italian vellute, woolly (Latin, vellus—a hide or pelt.) Shawl is the Sanscrit sala, floor, for shawls were first used as carpets and tapestry. Bandana is from an Indian word to bind or tie, because it is tied in knots before dyeing. Chintz from the Indian chott. Delaine is the French "of wool."

A BRITISH AUTHORITY ON WHEAT.

H. Kains Jackson, the British authority on wheat, says:—"At this moment the qantity of wheat and flour under contract to arrive in the United Kingdom is 646,000 qrs, in excess of what was on passage a year ago, but the stocks of wheat in our ports at the end of March, 1889, were 2,550,000 qrs., while at present they can only be estimated at 1,670,000 qrs.—say 870,000 qrs. short. There is now statistical safety in the present situation of the markets. The power of throwing supplies on the British markets for use this cereal campaign is diminishing every week. Where the power is lodged at present—in the Atlantic ports and in Russia—the reserves are so limited that any important shipments cannot be expected. We have then to anticipate that when our farmers' deliveries of wheat begin to fall off to an important extent, the millers' current demand must become sharp, and should harvest prospects coincidently prove adverse, some important price fluctations may follow."

WAR AGAINST SWALLOWTAIL IN JAPAN.

A newspaper and governmental campaign against dress suits is in progress in Japan. Of late years the orthodox evening dress of the men of the Caucasian world had gained great popularity in the high society of the Japanese Empire, and it had become customary to write on all invitation cards the word "Enbizukuchakuyo," that is, "wear your dress suit." Some of the old Japanese, who were in the swim long before the customs of Caucasian society penetrated to the interior, began a short time ago to object to this sort of thing. The Choya, a Japanese periodical, took up their cause. I argued at considerable length that the Japanese figure was too dumpy and the Japanese legs too short to look well under swallowtails. These arguments seem to have had great weight with the government, for it has decided to recall the order requiring all persons present at the opening of the Parliament next summer to wear dress suits.

TO PREVENT WRINKLES.

A frown will mar the prettiest face. It doesn't matter about a boy, but the small girl does violence to beauty and youth by ruffling her forehead or fluting her brow. It is, too, a habit acquired very early in life. After her pouting days are over she begins to frown, and keeps on frowning until old enough to realize the banefulness of the habit. In other words, each ridge is supposed to add a decade to her apparent age. Now, somebody has made the discovery of a couple of muscles between the bridge of the nose and the root of the hair which can be cut without pain or injury to the feelings or face. The services of a skilled surgeon are secured, who applies the knife, severs the delicate cord, dresses the wound, and after the skin heals the forehead becomes as smooth as the temple, and, what is most remarkable, remains so. Whoever says that the New York woman does not study her glass is a sublimated idiot. Her motto of life is, "Know thyself."

A BEAUTIFUL PLANT.

Of the petunia a writer in the Horticultural Times says: I must confess to a little weakness for this beautiful bedding plant. In light soils it is extremely valuable, and the hotter the summer the better it is suited. By sowing the seed early in March in a little heat, the seeds soon germinate, the after treat being to plant or pot-off as they become large enough, gradually hardening off and planting out in rich soil at the end of May or early in June, according to weather. Some peg the growths down to the bed during the summer, which I think spoils the effect. In my opinion nothing is much more attractive than a good bed of petunias, allowed to grow pretty much as they like. They may be purchased in separate colors or in mixed packets, the latter, as a rule, being the best, unless distinct colors are desired. The single are by far the best for outdoor work, being freer bloomers, and more able to support their flowers than the double varieties.

BISMARCK'S FORTUNE.

Bismarck refused the title of duke on the ground that his income was not sufficient to enable him to support the burdens which the thing would bring upon him, but in reality he refused because he could not very well accept an honor which might look like a compensation for his removal. We have the most trustworthy information to prove that the fortune of Bismarck at the present moment may be estimated at more than $100,000 income. He is one of the largest landed proprietors of Prussia. He owns a brewery, a paper factory, a saw mill and distilleries. He was always proud to say that everything that was consumed in his house was the product of his own property. The donations given to him on several occasions form the greater portion of his fortune. His property at Varzin was purchased by him in 1866, after the war with Austria, with the $300,000 which was then presented to him. After the war of 1871 Emperor William took out of the indemnity milliards $800,000 for M. de Bismarck, and this sum served to purchase the great domain of Friedrichsruhe. This latter castle is remarkable for its simplicity. There are some portions of it that are simply whitewashed, and without any ornamentation whatever. Up to 1845 Bismarck was obliged to live rather modestly, and, as he himself admits, he did not resist the temptation of gambling, in the hope that chances would favor him. The inheritance of his father bettered his pecuniary situation and brought him the property of Sekeenhausen, and it was shortly after that when he married Johanna von Puttkamer. For some time Bismarck's charity was eagerly solicited, but the old Chancellor was always economical, and he rarely responded to appeals for aid. A few years ago he caused to be inserted in the papers a singular advertisement declaring that it was useless to ask him for assistance.—Courrier des Etats Unis.

QUEEN BESS AT DINNER.

While the Queen was at prayers in the antechapel a gentleman entered the room having a rod, and along with him another who had a tablecloth, which, after they had both knelt three times with the utmost veneration, he spread upon the table, and, after kneeling again, they both retired. Then came two others, one with the rod again, the other with a salt-cellar, a plate and bread; when they had knelt as the others had done and placed what was brought upon the table, they also retired, with the same ceremonies performed by the first. At last came an unmarried lady, who, we were told, was a Countess, and along with her a married one bearing a tasting knife; the former was dressed in white silk, who, when she had prostrated herself three times in a most graceful manner, approached the table and rubbed the plates with bread and salt with as much awe as if the Queen had been present.

When they had waited there a little while the yeomen of the guard entered bareheaded, clothed in scarlet, with a golden rose upon their backs, bringing in at each turn a score of 24 dishes served in plate, most of it gilt. These dishes were received by a gentleman in the same order they were brought and placed upon the table, while the lady taster gave to each of the guard a mouthful to eat of the particular dish he had brought, for fear of any poison. During the time that this guard (which consists of the tallest and stoutest men that can be found in all England, being carefully selected for the purpose) were bringing dinner, twelve trumpets and two kettle drums made the hall ring for half an hour together. At the end of all this ceremonial a number of unmarried ladies appeared, who, with particular solemnity, lifted the meat off the table and conveyed it into the Queen's inner and more private chamber, where, after she had chosen for herself, the rest went to the ladies of the Court. The Queen dined and supped alone, with very few attendants, and it was very seldom that any body, foreigner or native, was admitted at that time, and then only at the intercession of somebody in power.

PRINTING IN IRON.

John Farrar, superintendent of the iron company's foundry at Roxbury, has been experimenting with the transfer of writing from paper to cast iron with interesting results. Some specimens of this metal decalcomania have been described in the Herald, but the story of the accidental discovery of the process is new. It was in the casting of the columns for the Crystal palace some years ago that it was discovered what might be done in this way. The mold used was eighteen feet long and it contained two lengths of cores, about which the metal was to run. Under the juncture of these cores a piece of paper was laid that the dry sand, falling from the core and forming a scar on the surface of the casting, might be swept off the paper and the paper itself burned.

On this particular occasion a handbill advertising boots and shoes was used, and when the column was exposed to the sunlight the letters of the words "boots and shoes" were seen delicately printed in the iron in reverse order. Supt. Farrar was at once interested in this chance discovery, and found that, by writing backwards upon ordinary paper with copying ink mixed with a little powdered graphite and running very hot melted iron upon it, the plate bore the writing indented upon its surface. By writing them backward he has in this way printed the ten commandments on a metal plate about 8x14 inches, the writing being of ordinary size, and showing with perfect distinctness. Mr. Farrar says he does not intend to protect his invention in any way, but would be glad to see it developed and made useful to the public.

BABIES' OUTING.

Nothing is more important to the health of a young infant than plenty of out-door air. In the middle of the day in winter, early in the morning and in the evening in summer, and whenever it is pleasant and not too cold and damp or too sunny in fall or spring. There are some very windy days in spring, when it is just as well, if the windy "spell" does not last more than a day, to keep the baby indoors. A windstorm is far more dangerous than rain. While no one would advise taking a baby out airing in a pelting rain, it is better to take him out in a slight snowstorm or a "mere sprinkle" of rain than to keep him "cooped up" in the foul air of an unaired nursery. The windows of the nursery or the room where the child is kept should be open wide while it is out taking its airing and closed and warmed before it comes in. A slight fever which comes from teething or indigestion is often allayed by a walk in the open air. This is nature's own medicine, more soothing than all the sleeping draughts in the world to a restless, nervous child. In the summer, so far as practicable, a baby should live outdoors under the apple trees or in any dry place not exposed glaringly to the rays of the sun. A nap taken in his carriage under the apple blossoms will be twice as soothing as one in the nursery within doors.

THE USES OF BORAX.

Sprinkle places infested by ants with borax, and you will soon be rid of them.

Blankets and furs put away well sprinkled with borax and done up airtight will never be troubled with moths.

A little borax put in the water before washing red or red-bordered tablecloths and napkins will prevent their fading.

Ringworms will yield to borax treatment. Apply a strong solution of borax three times a day, also dust on the fine dry powder very often.

Silver spoons and forks in daily use may be kept bright by leaving them in strong borax several hours. The water should be boiling when they are put in.

Put a teaspoonful of borax in your rinsing water. It will whiten the clothes and also remove the yellow cast on garments that have been laid aside for two or three years.

One of the best things to cleanse the scalp thoroughly is to dissolve one-half teaspoonful of borax in a quart of water and apply it, rubbing it in well. Rinse thoroughly in clear water.

For washing fine, nice flannels, nothing will cause them to look so nice as borax in the water, a tablespoonful of borax to a pail of water being the right proportion. Always wash baby's little flannel skirts, shirts, etc., in this.

Always wash baby's mouth and gums every morning with water in which you have put a pinch of borax. It keeps the mouth fresh and sweet and prevents that uncomfortable affliction, a sore mouth, with which so many poor babies are troubled when their mouths are not kept perfectly clean.

Borax water is excellent for sponging either silk or wool goods that are not soiled enough to need washing. In washing cashmere or wool goods put a little borax in the water. This will cleanse them much more easily and better, without injury to the colors. Do not rub them on a board, but use the hands, and throw on a line without wringing. Press them on the wrong side and they will look almost like new.

THE MAINLAND DELEGATION.

To the Editor:—Will you allow me to say that your report of the interview between this delegation and the government is very far from being accurate. Justice is done to neither side, and, naturally enough, I daresay, those speakers who were strangers to the reporter suffer more than those he was accustomed to "take."

Let me give you just one sample: The attorney-general having stated that no difference worth mentioning could be proved between the population of the island and that of the mainland—neither voters' lists, number of school children, nor amount of taxes proved it—I am made to reply that the voters in New Westminster district "and the lower constituencies" were almost exactly one-third of those on the island—and then the report branches off to something else.

Now, my answer was that the voters in the lower Fraser constituencies numbered exactly 500 less than those of the whole island (I find the exact numbers on the 28th April will be, lower Fraser, 6,556; island, 7,111), while the public accounts show that these constituencies contributed to the revenue over $50,000 more than the whole island; so that, taking the attorney-general's own means of estimating, it would be fair to call these constituencies equal to the whole island, and if, as he said, there was no difference worth mentioning between the whole of the mainland and the island, it followed that all the mainland, outside the lower Fraser "was not worth mentioning," yet the new bill proposed to give that part eleven members.

The whole report may be judged by this sample. J. C. Brown.

Victoria, April 26th.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. my31-eod-w

Manchester House,

NEW GOODS

Just Arrived.

Dress Goods, in the Newest Shades,

Both plain and brocaded.

A splendid line of Black Dress Silks—"Amour Royal" and "Sans Egal." These are the best brands of Silk in the market.

NEW PRINTS,

PRINTED SATEENS,

Embroidered Chambreys in all colors, with plain to match.

Hemstitch Embroideries, the newest patterns in the market, 500 pieces to select from.

Our Silk Gloves arrived to-day, And they are Splendid.

Jerseys in all colors—a beautiful line to select from.

Blouses in flannel and nun's veiling.

The Newest Styles of Millinery

By Express every week.

This Department is in charge of MISS WADSWORTH, of Toronto.

Russian Nett for Dresses in all colors.

To arrive next week, 50 dozen of the best Kid Gloves ever offered in Victoria. Every glove will be warranted.

MANCHESTER-:-HOUSE

88 YATES STREET.

mc14-6m.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

FERRIES.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL be received by the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Tuesday, 20th day of May next, for the right of maintaining and operating a Ferry at each of the following places for one year from the 1st day of June next, viz.:—

At the points where the trail between Sproat's Landing and Nelson crosses the Slocan and the Kootenay Rivers.

The ferry right to extend five miles above and five miles below the respective points indicated.

Any party to whom a charter may be awarded shall provide all necessary appliances for the proper working of a ferry suitable for the traffic and to the satisfaction of the Honourable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. He will be allowed the use of any plant now at the ferry site, which is the property of the Government, free of charge.

He will be allowed to collect tolls at the following rates, viz.:—

For every passenger	-	10 cents.
" horse or mule	-	25 "
" spring waggon or buggy		50 "
" freight waggon	-	50 "
" head of cattle	-	25 "
" sheep, pig or goat	-	10 "
" one hundred pounds of freight (excepting mining machinery, which shall be carried free)	-	5 "

Return pack-animals and freight teams to pass free.

Tenders must state the amount of rental to be paid to the Government for the privilege, and with each tender must be submitted the names of two responsible parties willing to sign a bond for the sum of $1,000, for the faithful carrying out of the contract.

All officers of the Provincial Government, with their animals and freight, to pass free.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 12th April, 1890.
ap15-td

THE WESTSIDE,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

We Believe Truth is the Corner Stone

To-day of permanently profitable advertising.

Whatever statements are made must be backed up by merit.

It is useless to say we have goods at such and such a price unless we really have them.

It is no good to say they are cheap unless we are sure such is the fact.

The experience gained during a long period in the Dry Goods business, together with ample facilities, enables us to sell first-class goods as low, if not lower, than any other house (we make no exception whatever.)

We are convinced that our stock for the Spring exceeds any heretofore offered, and, confident of our ability to give satisfaction, we respectfully solicit your patronage.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE.

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Bonnets, Faille Francaise, and Lyons Cachmere, Mervelleux, Moire, Satin Luxor, Liberty, and Pongee Silks. A superb line of beautiful goods, extra good value.

About 200 FRENCH DRESS PATTERNS, (no two alike), all new shades and designs, manufactured for and strictly confined to ourselves. We believe these to be the very choicest goods that will be exhibited in Victoria this Spring.

Henriettas, Cashmeres, and Cashmere des Indes, noted for fineness of finish, durability of wear, and brilliancy of dye.

CHALLES, PERCALES, CHAMBREYS, IN GREAT VARIETY,

With colored Embroidery to match.

MOURNING MATERIALS AND CRAPES

A SPECIALTY.

THE WESTSIDE.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

By Express TO-DAY we received Spring assortment of the celebrated Alexandre Napoleon Kid Gloves, also 93 dozen of the

"WESTSIDE GLOVE."

This beautiful elastic Maltese X glove is fully guaranteed and sold at regular price, viz: $1.25 for four and $1.50 for six-button. Musquetaire Suede in Evening and Tan shades only, from four to sixteen button length.

Pure silk mitts and gloves in good assortment Taffeta and Lisle in great variety.

—HOSIERY—

Ladies' Silk and spun silk, Lisle Thread, Balbriggan, Cashmere, etc. In these goods we handle J. & R. Morley's best makes.

—WOOLS—

16 ounces to the lb. Berlin, Saxony, and Beehive, all at 10c. per oz.

DRESS & MANTLE MAKING.

MISS HIND, of London, England, and late of W. A. MURRAY & CO.'S, Toronto, has charge of our Dressmaking department. Estimates given and price of garment fixed when order is taken.

JACKETS, MANTLES, JERSEYS, DOLMANETTES, BLOUSES, &c.

—ALSO—

JACKETING AND MANTLE CLOTHS, In New Patterns and Shades.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.,

70 Government Street,

VICTORIA.

April 4th, 1890.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON

64 YATES STREET,

Will Sell the following Properties on Easy Terms:

House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	$2,800
Do.	Hillside Avenue,	6,000
Do.	Quadra Street,	6,000
Do.	Cook Street,	8,500
4 Houses and Store,	North Park Street,	8,500
8 Acres cleared,	Burnside Road,	8,000
Houses and Lot,	Humboldt Street,	4,000
2 Lots,	Cobourg and Oswego Streets,	1,350
3 Lots,	Esquimalt Road,	1,800
39 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	
House and Lot,	Chatham Street,	3,000
Lot,	Esquimalt,	900
226 Acres,	East Saanich Road,	15,000

Lots and Acres on Cadboro Bay Road, Esquimalt Road, and Gorge Road.

CALL AND SEE OUR LISTS.

The most extensive in the city.

We are offering 15 acres, in acre lots, on the Fowl Bay Road, very cheap, and terms easy. Call and see place and get prices.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836

—Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.—

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000. RESERVE FUND, £255,000.

LONDON OFFICE—3 CLEMENT'S LANE, LOMBARD STREET, E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

J. H. BRODIE, Esq. | HENRY R. FARRER, Esq. | E. A. H. ARE, Esq. | J. J. KINGSFORD, Esq. | G. D. WHATMAN, Esq.
J. J. CATER, Esq. | RICHARD H. GLYN, Esq. | HENRY J. B. KENDALL, Esq. | FREDERIC LUBBOCK, Esq.

SECRETARY—A. G. WALLIS, Esq. BANKERS—THE BANK OF ENGLAND.—MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & CO.

GENERAL MANAGER—R. R. GRINDLEY, Esq., Montreal.

ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

MONTREAL, QUEBEC } Quebec | HAMILTON, BRANTFORD, PARIS, LONDON } Ontario. | HALIFAX, N. S. | ST. JOHN, FREDERICTON } N. B. | VICTORIA, VANCOUVER } B. C. | WINNIPEG, BRANDON } Manitoba.
OTTAWA, TORONTO, KINGSTON } Ontario

AGENCIES IN AMERICA, { NEW YORK—Agents, Messrs. H. Stikeman & F. Brownfield, 52 Wall Street. SAN FRANCISCO—Agents, Messrs. W. Lawson & J. C. Welsh, 124 Sansom Street.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Of the Bank of British North America, presented to the Proprietors at their Fifty-fourth yearly General Meeting, on Tuesday, March 4th, 1890.

The Court of Directors have pleasure in submitting the accompanying Balance Sheet to the 31st December last, showing, with £1,407 10s. 8d. brought forward from last account, the sum of £86,076 1s. 1d. as the available Profit for the year 1889. From this an amonnt of £5,000 has been carried to the Reserve Fund, making it £255,000, and £2,000 transferred to the "Officers' Pension Fund."

After deducting £35,000 for the Dividend paid in October last, there remains a Balance of £44,076 1s. 1d., out of which the Directors have now to report the declaration of a Dividend of 40s. per Share, payable, free of Income Tax, on the 3rd April next, making a distribution of 7½ per cent for the year 1889 and leaving a Balance of £4,076 1s. 1d. to be carried forward.

The Dividend Warrants will be remitted to the Proprietors as usual.

LONDON, 22nd February, 1890.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1889.

Dr.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Capital........ 20,000 Shares of £50 each fully paid		1,000,000 0 0
To Reserve Fund........		255,000 0 0
To Deposits and Current Accounts		2,261,978 9 11
To Notes in Circulation........		251,008 10 4
To Bills Payable and other Liabilities........		1,730,117 12 1
To Rebate Account........		13,809 0 6
To Liabilities on Endorsements...	£170,648 19 5	
To Profit and Loss Account—Balance brought forward from last year........	41,407 10 8	
Dividend paid April, 1889........	40,000 0 0	
	£1,407 10 8	
Net profit for the year ending this date, after deducting all current charges, and providing for bad and doubtful debts....	84,668 10 5	
	86,076 1 1	
Deduct Dividend paid October, 1889........ £35,000; Transferred to Reserve Fund........ 5,000; Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund........ 2,000	42,000 0 0	
Balance available for April dividend........		44,076 1 1
		£5,555,989 13 11

Cr.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By Cash and Specie at Bankers' and in hand........	477,135 3 11	
By Cash at Call and Short Notice	770,475 8 11	
		1,247,610 12 10
By Investments........		68,547 18 11
By Bills Receivable, Loans on Security and other Accounts		4,156,065 10 1
By Bank Premises, &c., in London and at the Branches....		83,765 12 1
		£5,555,989 13 11

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books in London, and the Certified Returns from the Branches, and find it to present a true statement of the Bank's affairs.

LONDON, 21st February, 1890. PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO., Auditors.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

A REWARD OF TWO HUNDRED Dollars will be paid by the Government of British Columbia for such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the killing and murdering of Henry T. Sunbury, in the eastern part of the City of Vancouver, on or about the 30th day of March last.

By Command,
JNO. ROBSON,
Prov'l Secretary,
Provincial Secretary's Office,
April 2nd, 1890. ap3-1mo

NOTICE—LILLOOET DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of section 3, Chapter 15, "Consolidated Acts, 1858," the proclamation dated 22nd March, 1879, setting apart certain parcels of land situate on Pavilion Mountain, as a Common for the depasturage of cattle, has been cancelled.

JOHN ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
March 4th, 1890. ap1-1mo

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 233, in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE of Indefeasible Title to the above Lot will be issued to John Herbert Turner, on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lot, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
10th April, 1890. ap9

NOTICE.

Supply of School Furniture.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 31st day of May next, for supplying the Educational Department with school desks.

The desks must be of an approved pattern, with iron frames and hardwood finish, in all respects fully up to the standard of a sample desk which may be seen at this office. Preference will be given to home manufacture, all points of merit being equal.

Tenders must give full particulars, and must state the price for each desk and for each rear seat delivered set up ready for use in the school-houses at Victoria, Nanaimo, Vancouver or New Westminster, in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 26th March, 1890.
mar28-2mo

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1890.

SPRING ASSIZES.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria........Monday....19th May.
Nanaimo........Tuesday....3rd June.

[*On Mainland.*]

New Westminster..Wednesday.4th June.
Kamloops........Monday...2nd June.
Clinton........Monday....9th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

[*On Mainland.*]

Richfield........Monday....8th Sept.
Clinton........Wednesday.24th Sept.
Kamloops........Monday....6th Oct.
Lytton........Monday....13th Oct.
New Westminster..Wednesday.12th Nov.

[*On Vancouver Island.*]

Victoria........Monday....24th Nov.
Nanaimo........Tuesday....2nd Dec.
ap1-1mo

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

T. D. MERRILL v. D. ESSEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all to whom it may concern, that by an order made in this cause by the Chief Justice, on the 9th April, 1890, the defendant, D. Essen, has been enjoined and restrained from selling or removing any logs or lumber cut or taken from Lot 18, Range One, Coast District, and from receiving any purchase money for any logs or lumber cut or taken from the said land, and which the defendant may have sold or contracted to sell.

Victoria, THORNTON FELL,
9th April, 1890. Plaintiff's solicitor.
ap10-1mo

NOTICE.

DURING MY TEMPORARY ABSENCE from the Province, Mr. H. E. Croasdaile holds my power of attorney, and will attend to the Canada Life Assurance and other business.

my9-1yr A. W. JONES.

NOTICE.—The partnership carried on under the name of Chas. Gabriel & Co., in the business known as the Japanese Bazaar, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. We hereby give notice that all accounts and disbursements connected with the late concern will be attended to by Messrs. Heisterman & Co.

CHAS. GABRIEL. F. W. FOSTER.
Witness to the above signatures:
W. MARCHANT. D. I. IMBERT.
Victoria, B. C., April 4th, 1890. ap12

NOTICE.

F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS,

IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS against the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of

R. P. RITHET & CO., Wharf st., Victoria,

in detail, duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET,
ap12-td Assignee of the Estate.

NOTICE.

Estate of David Bosworth, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith, to Miss Elizabeth Coles, executrix of the will of the deceased.

J. ROLAND HETT,
Barrister-at-Law.
Victoria, March 19, 1890. mc20-1m

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 12.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	Going North, Read Down: No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays Sundays, Mondays.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.	Going South, Read Up: No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays Sundays, Mondays.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Victoria	De 8.00	De 3.08		Ar 12.24	Ar 8.40	
Russell's, Vic. W	" 8.04	" 3.12		" 12.20	" 8.36	
Esquimalt	" 8.14	" 3.22		" 12.10	" 8.26	
Goldstream	" 8.39	" 3.47		" 11.45	" 8.01	
Shawnigan L'e	" 9.34	" 4.42		" 10.50 A.M.	" 7.06	
Cobble Hill	" 9.44	" 4.52		" 10.40	" 6.56	
McPherson's	" 9.57	" 5.07		" 10.27	" 6.41	
Koksilah	" 10.07	" 5.17		" 10.17	" 6.31	
Duncan's	" 10.12	" 5.22		" 10.12	" 6.26	
Somenos	" 10.22	" 5.32		" 10.02	" 6.16	
Chemainus	" 10.48	" 5.54		" 9.36	" 5.51	
Nanaimo	Ar 11.50 / De 11.59	" 6.52	De 10.15	De 8.34 / Ar 8.25	" 4.56	Ar 7.30
Wellington	Ar 12.14 P.M.	Ar 7.07	Ar 10.30	De 8.10	De 4.41	De 7.15

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Sup't.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.
my29

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y

THE ONLY

TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE

Running Solid Trains

—FROM—

Pacific to Atlantic Coast

—CONSISTING OF—

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleeping Cars—the latest free.

THROUGH TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in United States and Canada.

Can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

PASSENGERS BOOKED

To and From All European Points!

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON,
Freight and Pass. Agent.
D. E. BROWN, Gov't St., Victoria, B.C.
Asst. Gen'l Fr't & Pass. Ag't,
Vancouver. fe23

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers, Of Latest Equipment.

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

BRANDY

ROUYER, GUILLET & CIE.,

COGNAC, FRANCE.

For many years the Largest Holders of Brandy.

All Colonial Orders to be addressed to:—

LONDON BRANCH,

ROUYER, GUILLET & CO.,

59, Mark Lane, London, E. C.

july3-26w-tw

MUNICIPAL.

DOGS AT LARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE REQUESTED TO take notice that all dogs found at large within the City limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provision of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order, CHAS. KENT,
Collector.
Victoria, April 1st, 1890. ap2

WEDDING STATIONERY.

We have just received a Large Stock of Wedding Stationery, suitable for all classes of Wedding Cards, with Envelopes to match.

BALL PROGRAMMES.

A Large and Varied Assortment of the latest designs of Ball Programmes is constantly kept in Stock, including Pencils and Cards. Satisfaction is guaranteed.

THE COLONIST,

ELLIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

PROMPTNESS A SPECIALTY

COMMERCIAL PRINTING.

Every kind of Commercial Printing, Lithographic or Letter Press, can be had at the office of The Colonist at the Lowest Rates possible, where only First Class work is turned out. Our stock of Cards, Papers and Envelopes is always most complete.

ORIGIN OF BOCK-BEER.

A Harrowing Tale of a Feudal Lord, Dark Beer and a Goat.

The reputed origin of bock beer has been preserved in various legends which are current throughout Germany. At the town of Nuremberg, in the spring of a certain year during the feudal ages, an Easter church fair was being held, which was participated in not only by the townsfolk but by people from all the countryside as well. There came riding into town a feudal Lord of great renown, who brought with him from Munich a quantity of light beer, which he praised very much. At the fair the people were drinking a dark beer, which the Lord looked upon with disdain.

After much discussion upon the relative merits of the light and dark beers a wager was lad, to be decided the following year when fair time should come around again. Each side was to brew a quantity of its favorite beer, and by a practical test it was to be ascertained how many mugs of each could be drank before making the drinker drunk. The beer that would make a man drunk first was to be awarded the palm.

At the next Easter fair the contestants sat down together in the presence of a vast concourse to decide the wager, the Lord drinking the dark-brown beer of the town and one of the lustiest of the Nurembergers drinking the Lord's light beer. A citizen kept tally of the number of mugs emptied by each. The Lord soon became hilarious and was finally exalted to a state of roaring intoxication long before his rival began to feel the effects of the light beer. Accordingly the dark beer was declared the winner of the contest and the townspeople sung the praises of their favorite beverage.

While the people were still assembled a young goat, which is known in Germany as a buck or bock, broke into the space where the drinkers were sitting and rushing between the legs of the befuddled Lord threw him flat on his back, where, such was his condition, he was compelled to lie till he was picked up. From this circumstance comes the name of the dark-brown beer which still comes at Easter time.

Another legend is to the effect that the Jesuit monks were accustomed to hold a feast in the spring, at which they slaughtered a young goat or bock. To drink with this they brewed a dark, sweet beer which was considered a delicacy and which, when it became known outside of the monasteries, was hailed with delight by the people, and under the name of bock beer became an established institution.

MR. BRIGHT'S COOLNESS.

The Great Commoner's Meeting with a Rabid Tory Clergyman.

The following incident is related by the London St. James' Gazette on the authority of W. L. Bright, M. P.: "Mr. Bright went into an agricultural district one day, and he had to walk from the station a long way into the village. On the way a clergyman who was driving in a dog-cart came up to him, and the two men passed the time of day. The clergyman offered to drive Mr. Bright into the village, and Mr. Bright accepted the offer. The clergyman was a Tory, and he had been reading a speech Mr. Bright had made the previous night; and turning to Mr. Bright he said: 'Have you seen the paper to-day, sir?' 'Yes,' said Mr. Bright. 'What's in them?' 'Why, that rascal John Bright has been making another speech.' 'And what was it about?' asked Mr. Bright. 'Why, so-and-so and so-and-so,' and he went on to relate the incidents of the speech. Then they discussed the topic, and Mr. Bright said: 'Well, it is just possible that Mr. Bright may have been right, and that he was only expressing his honest convictions. There may be something in it.' 'Oh, no, there can't be,' said the irate clergyman. 'If I had him here, I'd feel just like shooting him.' Neither revealed his identity, but before they separated the clergyman invited Mr. Bright to go to his church next morning, and Mr. Bright promised to go. And he kept his word, as he always did. The clergyman took for his theme Mr. Bright's speech, and at the conclusion Mr. Bright thanked him for his very able sermon. As he was going home to dinner a friend of the clergyman met him and said: 'You have been preaching under distinguished patronage this morning, then.' 'No,' said the clergyman. 'Oh, yes, you have,' said the friend. 'You had John Bright among the congregation. You must have noticed him in the front in the middle pew. I know him perfectly well, and I assure you it was Mr. Bright.' 'Why,' said the clergyman, 'I drove him to the village yesterday in my dog-cart, and called him a rascal and execrated him in all the moods and tenses, and he never said a word. He kept perfectly calm and cool. I have insulted him. I must go and apologize at once.'"

THE WESTERN SOLDIER.

Some of His Accomplishments as a Critic Cleverly Described.

Captain Henry King, of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, contributes to the Century a paper on "The Western Soldier," from which we make this extract: "They assumed a right of criticism towards their regimental and company officers that was almost as free as that exercised by the average voter with regard to political officials. In some instances they did injustice, no doubt; but, generally speaking, their estimates were sagacious and proper. They had no patience with pretense of any description, and they were quick to detect it. Thus, if a Colonel invested his headquarters with unnecessary pomp and formality, as a Colonel was occasionally known to do, they would nudge one another in passing and exchange looks and comments that rarely failed to produce a change. On one occasion a Lieutenant-Colonel, riding out to battle, forfeited the esteem of his regiment by holding a picture of his wife in his hand and gazing fixedly upon it; but he afterwards restored himself to favor by a daring act that cost him two ugly wounds. Another officer of the same rank, on a toilsome march, gained a cheer by alighting from his horse and giving his place in the saddle to a limping soldier; but when the Major at his side did the same thing there was no response. The first had performed a kindness without prompting, while the second was a mere imitator. It was by such distinctions that officers were notified of the sharp watch that was being kept upon them, and admonished that they were mortal as well as those who wore no shoulder-straps. Now and then the instruction took a more amusing turn, as when a Captain, noted for his conceit, undertook to lecture his company upon the necessity of increased respect for officers, and was checked by a droll fellow who said, with a grin and an extravagant salute: 'Cap, I used to know you when you made harness.'"

How Gail Hamilton Writes.

Gail Hamilton, whose real name is Miss Mary A. Dodge, prepares her manuscript for the press on odd scraps of paper with a stub pen. One of her recent articles, which I saw before it went to the printer, was entirely written on the inside blank pages of old envelopes which she had cut open and saved. Friends who send her letters of which one sheet is left clean furnish her with a large amount of her writing material. Miss Dodge's handwriting is a bold, round, masculine type, and no one would suspect that it was produced by a woman.

WORN AND TORN BILLS.

Singular Ways in Which Paper Money Has Been Lost and Destroyed.

When a small portion of a United States note is returned to the Treasury with sufficient proof that the remainder of it has gone out of existence, the Treasury will give the full value of the original note, says the Washington Post. Naturally the greatest destruction of money is wrought by fire, and bits of bills with charred edges are constantly coming in for redemption.

But several instances have occurred where men, in their desperation at their loss, have simply boxed up a lot of ashes, in which there was not the slightest trace of the original material, and demanded hundreds and thousands of dollars for them. Such requests are, of course, refused, and the senders are informed that their only recourse is to ask Congress by special act to indemnify them.

Next to fire the young baby is put down in the department as the most destructive agent. Innumerable affidavits are received in which John Jones, or whatever his name may be, "being duly sworn, deposes and says," that his infant son did chew up and swallow the missing portions of certain five dollar bills, and that the said missing portions were thereby wholly destroyed and are now no longer in existence.

The fashion of keeping small pet dogs has also been the cause of many solemn affidavits being sent to the department. Your pug and your poodle seem to take especial delight in masticating the fruit and reward of the many days of severe toil of the head of the house.

The fancy of mice for ten dollar bills as lining for luxurious nests has been impressed upon the redemption bureau by a long series of examples. Only a few days ago several hundred dollars worth of nest lining was redeemed for a Southern man who had for many years given up all idea of finding his missing treasure. There was $700 of it in the first place, notes of almost the first issue made by the Government early in war times. It had been hidden away in a place supposed to be secure, and had disappeared. A quarter of a century later, in repairing the porch of the old house, the nest of the wealthy mouse had been discovered, and enough of the fragments recovered to secure more than half of the original deposit.

Also from the South come most of the moldy, worm-eaten bills which have been hidden in bottles or buried in the earth for years. There are not as many savings banks in the South as in thrifty New England, and hiding places are used.

But the habit of using the parlor or kitchen stove as a safety deposit vault is not confined to any one section of the country. Neither is the custom of burning up this treasure by some other member of the family who is all unaware of its value. Years ago the clerks in the redemption bureau ceased to declaim upon the stupidity of such people. It has become a matter of course with them, and they expect about so many letters every week from people who have warmed two dollar pair of hands with $1,000 worth of silver certificates.

Evidence of a family row crops out in a queer way in the bureau occasionally. Mr. Blank sends on the half of a ten dollar note with a torn edge and an affidavit that the remainder of the note has been destroyed. Presently comes the other half with a correspondingly ragged edge and an affidavit from Mrs. Blank that the first half has been destroyed. Then the redemption bureau people know that there has been an exciting time over money in the Blank family, and there is before them a vivid picture of Blank clinging to one end of the note and his wife to the other end until it parts in the middle.

Counterfeit money comes from every part of the country, mutilated probably by design, with requests for its redemption. It is always indelibly stamped "counterfeit" and returned to the sender. The redemption bureau is not a good place for "shoving the queer" even in a fragmentary condition.

There is in the Treasury vault a brown, wooden box eighteen inches long, a foot wide and eight inches deep, which contains paper money of the nominal value of several hundred thousand dollars. It is not worth a dollar. The queer thing about it is the manner in which it was collected. Every bit of it came from the dead-letter office of the Post-Office Department. Some portion of it is counterfeit, but most of it was genuine money many years ago. The banks which issued it and the officers who signed it are gone and forgotten. It was all sent to the Treasury Department some years ago, and Assistant-Treasurer Whepley undertook to trace up the various banks and get as much as possible of it redeemed. Occasionally he found descendants of some of these old bank officials, themselves bankers, who were willing to redeem some of the notes for the sake of the signatures of their fathers, and in this way he succeeded in getting several hundred dollars worth of it redeemed. But of that remaining not a bill can be redeemed. A little of it is Confederate money, but most of it is of banks, State and private, that went out of existence many years ago. The oldest notes are dated back as far as 1812. One package contained $54,000 and another $9,000. The mystery is how so much money could have been lost in the mail. Neither the men who sent it could be found by the Post-Office Department, nor could Mr. Whepley find any trace of them or their descendants. The $9,000 package was sent from Brandon, Miss., to Jackson, Miss., in 1840, and the letter accompanying it shows that it was sent in consequence of repeated demands. The most diligent search fails to discover the slightest trace of any such banking company as that in Brandon, Miss., which issued the notes, most of which are of the $1,000 denomination. The notes are handsomely executed, as are a majority of those in the box.

Ridding a House of Rats.

An interesting, not to say valuable, discovery has been made by Captain Weedin, in charge of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington. The building is infested by rats, and how to get rid of them has long been a perplexing question. Traps were used, but nothing would tempt the rodents to enter. In a store-room drawer was placed a quantity of sunflower seeds, used as food for some of the birds. Into this drawer the rats gnawed their way, a fact which led the Captain to experiment with them as bait in the trap. The result was that the rats can't be kept out. A trap which appears crowded with six or eight rats is found some mornings to hold fifteen. They are turned into the cages containing weasels and minks. The latter will kill a rat absolutely almost before one can see it, so rapid are its movements. The weasels are a trifle slower, but none of the rats escape them.

A New Article of Food.

At a recent meeting of the Paris Academy of Medicine Dr. Dujardine-Beaumetz exhibited a new alimentary substance, which he named Fomentine. It is obtained from wheat by the aid of special millstones, and is the embryo of the wheat reduced to flour. It contains three times more nutritious substance than meat and a large proportion of sugar. It is thought it may advantageously replace powdered meat as a concentrated food. It may be employed for making soups, and even for making biscuits.

FAMILY PLEASURES.

How to Make Home Life Enjoyable to the Old and Young.

Recreations and Amusements for Leisure Hours—How Parents Can Create a Close Bond of Sympathy Between Themselves and Their Children.

Perhaps the greatest general need of the American people is a better provision for recreations, or amusements, in the home circle. We live too much in public, truthfully remarks the editress of the Ladies' Home Journal. Our men, absorbed in money-getting or politics, regard their domestic life as a secondary matter. Our women, if not domestic drudges, and these are comparatively rare, are devoted to the verge of dissipation to benevolent and religious work, or to the claims of society. Even children are led to regard every phase of life more important, and fuller of enjoyment, than any thing connected with the privacy of home.

American character is thus to a great extent developed in an atmosphere of excitement, and nourished with the artificiality pertaining to an existence carried on before the eyes of the world. It is to this many faults in American manners, and perhaps also in American morals, are no doubt due.

We need the peculiar refining influence to be obtained only from a simple, yet elevated and attractive, home life.

Enjoyment pure and simple or relaxation from serious occupations is an inherent demand of human nature. And it is needed by men and women, as well as by children. All work and no play makes John a dull man as inevitably as it makes Jack a dull boy. Most people realize this fact, only to look away and beyond them for pleasures which are either impossible for them to obtain, or having been obtained, prove unsatisfactory. At the same time the best of all delights may lie unnoticed at their feet.

Again circumstances compel some families to live lives isolated from what is called "society." In their "idle hours" they must do without the joys of companionship, or find them in their own home circles. Blessed is the family that is able to discover the pure happiness which even apparently narrow lives afford.

Home pleasures as a rule should be those in which every member of the family can partake. They should be emphatically simple pleasures, such as require loving care and thought for others, rather than the expenditure of wearisome labor or much money. They should be pleasures which keep the mind active, bringing healthy satisfaction without danger of dissipation or of enervating satiety. Finally they should be sufficiently varied to suit human nature's love of change.

A pleasure easily obtained, and almost universally agreeable, is to be found in reading aloud from an entertaining book of travels, an interesting story, or a book in which humor is largely intermingled. Nor is it strictly necessary that a book should be well read in order to give pleasure. Yet on the other hand a good reader can make a comparatively uninteresting book attractive. And there are probably few families containing no member sufficiently talented to become a good reader through practice. If parents would only encourage their children from earliest childhood to read aloud from books and papers they understand and find interesting, good readers would no longer be rare, and an unfailing source of pleasure would be provided for many homes. This pleasure is dwelt upon because it is so commonly overlooked and unappreciated. To read well will some day no doubt be considered as valuable an accomplishment as to sing, or to play upon some musical instrument well. And as much pains will be taken to develop a talent for reading—not elocution—as are now given to the cultivation of musical talent.

Music is somewhat universally recognized as an amusement, or more properly an enjoyment, suitable for the home circle. Yet as a rule, the piano or organ is opened, and the voice is used in singing many more times for the entertainment of guests than for the exclusive pleasure of a family. Story books often make it one of their heroine's special virtues, that she plays or sings some simple music occasionally to please an old father.

Every home ought to be furnished with a backgammon board, a set of checkers or chess-men, a box of dominoes, a game of authors or something similar. And these games should not be laid away on a shelf until company comes, but should be used principally as an innocent means of relaxation for the different members of the household. It should perhaps be said, for the sake of those conscientiously opposed to all games of chance, that they never do harm until united with a sordid spirit, which values only money or material rewards.

The cultivation of flowers, "gardening for pleasure," is usually an unending source of delight to the girls, and not unfrequently to the boys, of the household.

Out-of-door sports in which all of the family can engage should be encouraged. Croquet, tennis, archery, etc., where they are feasible, and the family circle large enough, can generally be entered into with as much zest by fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters, as by a large mixed company, and without the addition of the many social features too often supposed to be indispensable.

Family picnics, walks in the woods, fishing excursions, rides and drives, are pleasures especially enjoyed by the younger members of the family.

Besides bringing parents and children nearer together, home pleasures increase the affection of brothers and sisters toward each other. They have thus not only a commonality of interests in childhood and youth, but in after life a tie of pleasant memories connects them closely in each others thoughts. To be comrades and friends, as well as brothers and sisters, form a three-fold cord not easily broken.

Finally the tendency of these simple, easily obtained pleasures as a part of daily life, heartily enjoyed, is to encourage a noble simplicity of character. They give a dignity to little things, and add a fullness to life. They develop man's ability to obtain good wherever it may be found. They prevent, to a great extent, a craving for unhealthy excitements and less innocent pastimes. And by keeping the mind fresh, and the senses alert and active, they prepare the way for the higher enjoyments possible for people of education and culture.

Simple pleasures, perhaps, come the nearest of any thing to being the thornless roses in the pathway of our earthly pilgrimage, and their fragrance sweetens the atmosphere in which we move, keeping our natures wholesome, our dispositions cheerful, and our perceptions of the beauty and value of life keen.

Where Is the West?

Where is the West, anyway? Here are the Chicago papers commenting on the Western ideas of justice that obtain in Omaha, while doubtless Omaha locates the West in Montana or Colorado. And when you get to these localities you find somehow or other that the West has eluded you altogether, while the Pacific slope looms before you as the ultima thule.

TRUTH IN DEATH.

But He Regretted It, and Added a Falsehood at Last.

We had a man named Burrows in our mining camp, and he was without doubt the most notorious liar Nevada will ever shelter, writes a New York Sun correspondent. His fame as a liar spread for a hundred miles around, and men used to stop at our camp to get a look at him. He wasn't a wicked man, and he had no malice about him, but he was a natural born liar. He lied about his father, his mother, his wife, brothers, sisters and every body else, and for every hour in the day he had a new falsehood. He had a claim of his own and was fairly industrious, and so we had no excuse to drive him out, although his lies were continually kicking up ill feeling among the men. One day a lot of earth and rock caved in on him and inflicted fatal injuries, and a number of us knocked off work to be with him in his last moments. You would have thought the shadow of death would have brought a change of sentiment, but it did not. Lying there with only an hour of life left to him, he told us that he had been a pirate on the Pacific and where he had buried a large amount of plunder. We all knew that he was from Ohio and had never seen any ocean; but he stuck to it. One of the men finally felt it his duty to say:

"Burrows, you have only a short time to live. You had best spend that in preparing for eternity."

"I've allus been good," he quietly replied.

"Yes, but you are an awful liar, you know."

"Yes, I suppose so. I've told a million of them, haven't I?"

"No doubt of it."

"And every one has been laid up again me?"

"Very likely."

"And my chance is rather slim?"

"Rather."

"Well, boys, it's my way, and I can't change at this late day. Just as that cave-in came I struck a nugget as big as my head. It would value up a clean $15,000. If you'll be kind enough to pull it out and sell it and send the cash to my wife I'll die feeling better."

He went off soon after that, and we said to each other that he had given us the greatest yarn of all. No one took his claim, which was accounted a poor one, and it lay for three months before one of the boys dug into it one day for the pickaxe buried and forgotten. He hadn't got the pick when he came across a lump of gold which balanced $13,280 in coin, and every shilling of the money was sent on to the widow, as directed. It got there to find there was no widow, but six months later went to a sister. In his dying hour Burrows told the truth about his find, but, alas! he repented of it and lied about having a wife.

IN A WHALE'S JAWS.

Remarkable Experience of an American Sailor in the North Pacific.

George Leonard, an acting master in the United States navy during the civil war, and stationed on the gun-boat Katahdin, West Gulf blockading squadron, in 1863, told a story of heroism and exhibited marks on his body that corroborated his words, says a letter in the Philadelphia Press. The year 1850 found Leonard as one of the crew of the ship Enterprise, a whaler, in the North Pacific. One day he was stationed in the bow of a whale-boat, a long distance from the ship with a brave crew, who had sighted a whale and made for the monster with all possible dispatch. When within proper distance Leonard threw his harpoon, striking the fish hard and deep. In some manner the line, as it was running out, caught the body of one of the men in such a way as to throw him overboard. The man suddenly sank, whereupon Leonard transferred his line to a coadjutor and sprang into the ocean in aid of the drowning sailor.

The whale, now maddened by his fast-flowing blood, made a rush for the boat. Remarkable and horrible to relate, Leonard's friend had managed to regain the boat, while he himself was caught by the whale between its jaws, his position being inside the monster's mouth, with nothing protruding but one of his arms. In this manner the man was in reality within the jaws of death itself. The whale instantly plunged down into the deep, and, in the words of Leonard himself, "the fish seemed to be going down, down into eternity itself."

The imprisoned man, after all of this, had not lost his presence of mind. He mustered his entire bodily strength—and he was a powerful man—actually bracing himself in such a position as to compel the fish to spread its jaws; at the same time, with his arm that was free, he grabbed the sheath-knife out of its socket, cutting right and left. No sooner was there a sufficient opening made than Leonard forced his body outside.

Up to the surface he swam, when, most strange to say, he found himself within an oar's length of his boat. He was saved. The marks of the whale's violence and the dents of its teeth were very plainly visible on Leonard's arms, and he was always pointed out by his brother naval officers as "The Second Jonah."

FORGOT THE SPONGE.

A Blundering Operation Performed by a Chicago Female Physician.

"I see," remarked a young man about town to a New York Star reporter, "that a Chicago Women's Medical College has weaned a couple of dozen young lady M.D.'s I wouldn't allow one of those lance-jugglers to carve any part of my anatomy," he continued, with a shudder. "Not that they are unskilled in the profession, but they are liable to overlook small bets, as it were. The worst blunder in this line that ever came under my notice occurred during an operation performed in a Chicago hospital by a woman, and which to my knowledge has never been equaled in the history of surgery.

"The patient was a girl under treatment for a tumor in the stomach. After several months of fruitless medical treatment the female physician in charge decided to resort to the knife. Accordingly the victim was placed under the influence of anæsthetics, laid out on a slab in the presence of numerous doctors and nurses of the female persuasion, and the carving began. The girl was operated upon in a scientific style and the tumor successfully removed, as were also several large antiseptic sponges which had been placed in the cavity to absorb the blood during the operation.

"Then the incision was neatly stitched with silver wire, the boss surgeon had rolled down her sleeves and was receiving congratulations, when a young doctress, who had taken the precaution to count the sponges before and after using, suddenly exclaimed: 'Oh, doctor, you have left a sponge inside of the patient!'

"At first the doctor scouted the idea that she could possibly make such a blunder, but as one of the sponges was missing, and which a careful search of the room failed to discover, she thought perhaps it might have got lost in the shuffle. The stitches were removed, and sure enough there lay a sponge as big as a half-grown mud turtle snugly reposing among the Latin arrangements of the young woman. The sponge was rescued, and, as the surgeon was sewing the girl together again, she calmly remarked: 'I'm glad my attention was called to the matter, as that sponge is worth sixty-five cents.'"

PERFORMING CATS.

Their Training Is a Difficult Task Requiring Lots of Patience.

In a small street off the Waterloo road in London stands a house in which are forty cats, a score of rats, a similar number of mice, one hundred pigeons, a dozen canaries, a cockatoo, and a sea gull. The presiding genius over this strange collection of animals is Leoni Clarke. As soon as you speak with him you see at once the secret of his power over his heterogeneous family, for quietness, patience and kindness are suggested by his voice and his manner, and these are just the characteristics needed to make the successful trainer. When the writer went over Mr. Clarke's establishment the other day he was taken first of all to the infirmary. Here were seven invalids suffering from influenza—a kind of distemper that they had caught from a strange cat. These invalids were cozily nestled on a rug in front of a fine warm fire. Their food was warm milk and rabbit soup. In another room were upward of thirty sound cats—common English cats, Persian cats, Russian cats and Manx cats. A thick bedding of straw covered the floor. Every night, when the cats are away performing, their room is cleaned out and the windows thrown open. It does not pay Mr. Clarke to have any of these cats ill or indisposed; and if a fully trained one dies he considers it almost as bad as if he had lost £100. You see that Russian cat with his ear bitten?" said Mr. Clarke. "We call him Dynamite because he is so fierce. There is Fireworks," pointing to a beautiful tortoise-shell. "Fireworks, here!" and Fireworks leaped right upon his master's shoulder. Fireworks is the smartest cat in the whole collection. It scrambles up to the tight-rope—fixed at a height of thirty feet from the stage—by a bar at an angle of about seventy-five degrees, and steps onto the rope, which it traverses with as self-conscious an air as any other master performer. Quietly sitting on a chair was the Baldwin cat, peacefully licking itself, just as any old maid's fireside companion might do. This little creature, though it had been higher up in the world than any of its companions and caused greater sensations, seemed in no wise puffed up and to be quite willing to mingle with its tribe on terms of equality. All the rest of these cats could perform wonderful feats—jump from the top of one champagne bottle to another, play with mice, rat, and canaries, and even suffer themselves to be hanged by a couple of rats. The most difficult thing to teach them is to jump through hoops surrounded with flames. They are afraid of the fire, but their fears are overcome when they learn that there is no danger, and this is accomplished simply by the exercise of more patience, more coaxing and kindness. Down-stairs was the training-room. Here Mr. Clarke erects a mimic stage, with scenery and all the other adjuncts, and pits recruits through their drill. When they have learned their more simple exercises they are taken out to the public performances for the purpose of becoming accustomed to the noise, the music and to strangers. Mr. Clarke never gives more than two performances in one evening—this he considers quite enough for the well-being of his cats. He has a private omnibus for conveying them from one hall to another and home. The cats and other animals are packed in hampers, which are put on the top of the bus, while he himself, with his wife and an attendant, travels inside. Besides milk, which is warmed for them in cold weather, these cats are also plentifully fed on beef—sometimes raw, sometimes roasted—which Mrs. Clarke told a London Star man costs her eight pence a pound just now; also on rabbits and fish.

GENERAL JOE GEIGER.

Two Stories About the Ugliest Man in the State of Ohio.

There is another story told as original on quaint old Joe Geiger, says the Washington Post. He has always been known as the ugliest man in Ohio, and prided himself on this distinctive and superlative title. It is not every man who can achieve a superlative. When he was campaigning for the Republicans down on the big Darby he was introduced as the ughest man in Ohio. His fame, both in this respect and as a great joker, had preceded him, of course. A village joker, who was no prize beauty himself, arose when Joe was introduced, and, pointing a pistol at him, said: "I made a solemn vow many years ago that if I ever met a man uglier than myself I would kill him."

Joe looked at him a second and exclaimed: "Shoot, for God's sake, shoot! If I am uglier than you are I want to die!"

Another story about Joe relates to his habit when he was speechmaking of having something in the way of a "stimulent" on his desk to partake of during his efforts. He used to have a private engagement with his agent by which some gin was put in his pitcher, which he would pour out as pure, unadulterated water, so far as appearances went.

Once when he was about to open up to a large audience in Mansfield, which included John Sherman, one of those busybodies who make themselves prominent on crowded occasions bustled up and took the prepared pitcher.

"I'll get you some fresh water, General," he said, effusively.

"No, no!" exclaimed the General in great alarm. "That water is all right. I don't like fresh water."

"But this has been standing here some time," said the fiend, "and is stale. It won't take me but a moment, General."

"Please leave that water," begged the General, in an agonized voice, "I love stale water; I love it real stale and warm. That water isn't warm and stale enough. Fresh water makes my head ache. Please leave it. Don't trouble yourself, I beg of you."

"Oh, no trouble at all," said the fiend, cheerfully, and away he went for fresh water, followed by the General's eye, which had an expression embracing the glare of the eye of a tiger thirsting for blood and the look that is never seen in the human eye except when despair is in the heart.

The General can never tell the story without a shudder, and always concludes it by asserting his belief that it was a job put up on him by Sherman.

An Honest Gas Meter.

The Electrical World says that there used to be such a prejudice against gas meters that consumers of electricity did not like to have their electrical meters put anywhere near their gas meters, lest the new gauge might contract bad and lying habits from the old one. The electric meter has a reputation as good as that of the gas measurers is bad. Now an ingenious fellow has turned up with a patent for a combination gas and electrical meter as accurate in its workings as a pair of jeweler's scales.

How Opium Is Secured.

Opium is gotten by cutting the capsule of the poppy flower with a notched iron instrument at sunrise, and by the next morning a drop or so of juice has oozed out. This is scraped off and saved by the grower, and after he has a vessel full of it it is strained and dried. It takes a great many poppies to make a pound of opium, and it goes through a number of processes before it is ready for the market. In a liquid state it looks like a dark strawberry jam.

THE FAT AND THE LEAN.

Characteristics of Men with an Excess or a Lack of Flesh.

It may be observed, without intentional offense to any young lady who may be enamored of some skeleton-like young man that, as a rule, fat men, besides being the most jolly and convivial of the male species, are also apt to be the most considerate of and charitable to others. Most fat men, says the New York Epoch, are ever ready to smile, nay, to laugh heartily. They usually possess happy natures—perhaps because as a class they have good appetites and enjoy what they eat. They are more sociable than their lean brethren—a fact which properly explains why no one ever heard of a lean man's clam-bake. After all is said that can be said against them the fact still remains that seven out of ten fat men make excellent husbands.

Most unmarried ladies cherish as their ideals men who are tall and can not boast of any unusual amount of adipose tissue. They spurn the idea of a fat man for a life-long companion, and yet many marriages with fat men and also with men who grow rapidly or gradually stout after marriage have turned out very well.

A lady who has her home on Fifth avenue, a widow, whose two husbands repose side by side in Greenwood, remarked the other day to the writer: "My first husband was of the brunet order, tall, angular, sallow-faced, saturnine, nervous—even to irritability at times, and more or less of an invalid during the latter part of his life. No couple could have furnished a wider contrast in temperament than ourselves. I am social by nature, fond of attending theaters and of sight-seeing, while he was a morbid recluse, taking no interest whatever in the world's gayeties. I really believe if he had had a little more flesh on his bones he would have been a different, not to say a happier, man. Mind you I am casting no stones at his cherished memory. My second husband belonged to another genus. He was six feet two inches in height and weighed 250 pounds. He was a pronounced blonde and a perfect picture of health. He took an interest in every thing, though not to the detriment of his business. I never had to ask him twice to go any where with me. He was always eager to participate in any thing where mirth and a good time were promised. But the poor man drank too much champagne and ate too many late suppers and apoplexy carried him off."

A lady in Brooklyn on being asked what physical style of a man she preferred replied: "The one I have suits me very well. He is neither fat nor lean. According to my ideas of masculine physique he is just right." Another lady who was present volunteered the information that her husband was too fat for his own comfort and that when he moved he suggested to her the picture of a big piece of animated jelly. Going up one flight of stairs made him puff like a fire-engine, and he was always complaining of some pain. She feared that he had fatty degeneration of the heart.

A popular clergyman who weighs over two hundred and fifty, on being asked his views respecting fat men thus replied, with a merry twinkle in his eye: "There are different kinds of fat men. There is the little, round, oily, fat man. There is the digestric fat man who owes his extreme avoirdupois to beer and high living. Of course I can not approve of him as a fat man. Then there is the man who gets abnormally fat because he is lazy and indolent. To me such a man is an object for compassion. But for the man who is born and stays fat, or the man who gets fat naturally as he matures, I have the highest respect, providing the man in other ways is worthy."

A lank, cadaverous-visaged poet, who is often seen walking along Newspaper row, was recently asked if he would not enjoy life more keenly if he were a trifle more corpulent. "No," he swiftly and disdainfully answered, "corpulency befits aldermen, boodlers and saloon-keepers. Though a literary man, I never indulge in malt, which—to paraphrase from Emerson—is 'making the Western wits fat and mean.' You will find that the majority of intellectual people are not gross, though many of them are what might be termed plump. Point me out ten fat men and I will point you out nine stupid men. Was Apollo coarse and unctuous? Was the Greek conception of a perfectly modeled body that of one weighing three hundred pounds? No. Art and poetry ever have sought to immortalize such lithe and willowy forms as that of Venus, such trim, athletic limbs as those of Diana, such graceful symmetry as that of Hebe. Really, I would rather be a snail than a fat man."

"Assuming," observed the poet's questioner, "that as a rule those not fat are the most intellectual and eminent in the world, how do you account for the fact that of all the people who obtain divorces only about one-fourth are fat people?"

"Oh," returned the poet, "you might as well ask why there are not as many fat people in the world as lean. I am not married, but if I ever do take a wife you may rest assured that she will not be a woman of such dimensions as to attract offers from dime museum managers."

Then the long-haired votary of the muse pursued his fanciful way toward a fifteen-cent restaurant.

Filling a Long-Felt Want.

Some day or other every reporter will carry around a phonograph, and when he interviews a man the latter's words will be taken down with an accuracy admitting of no dispute. Then when the interviewed gentleman comes around in the morning like a volcanic eruption to explain that his language was distorted and all that sort of thing, the reporter can quietly pull the phonograph with one hand and a gun with the other and ask him what he is going to do about it. When this scheme can be successfully operated a long-felt want will be filled. As it is at present, when a man gets into trouble because of his remarks being faithfully printed he at once swears that the reporter mixed up his words with an egg beater and then run them in. In such a manner the guileless newspaper man frequently gains a reputation for lying which he does not deserve.

He Acted Well His Part.

Captain William Jameson, of Friendship, Me., is called the Paul Revere of the Meduncook. He received the name in the following way: It was during the war of 1812, and the British, with muffled oars and under cover of darkness, were trying to reach and burn the little fleet of fishing schooners at the head of the Meduncook river, hoping also to gather in some chickens, eggs, etc., from the settlers along the route. Jameson, then a boy of fourteen, mounted his horse and rode through the town, giving the alarm at every house. He then returned home, jumped from his horse, and catching up his little flint lock rifle with twenty-four rounds of cartridges, started off on the run across lots to join his neighbors at Bradford's Point. The British soon found that they were discovered and hastened back to their ship.

The Age of Trees.

The average natural age of the oak is from 1,500 to 2,000 years; of the elm, 350 to 500 years; the maple, 600 to 800 years; the yew tree, largest of all, 2,500 to 3,000 years; the cedar, 800; linden, 1,200, and the cypress 350. There are trees now standing believed to be more than 5,000 years old.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Suburban Residence Property

UPPER BELCHER STREET.

Several large lots of from one to three acres in extent, adjoining the grounds of the residences of Mr. Pemberton, Major Peters and Mr. Dumbleton, will be offered for sale on completion of survey and plans.

These lots command the most charming scenery in the neighborhood of Victoria, having a view of Mount Baker, the islands in the Straits and the Olympian range of mountains.

—APPLY TO—

H. E. CROASDAILE

feb4 42 FORT STREET.

MISSION CITY

The coming Metropolis and Inland Town of B. C., in the Fraser Valley, at the Terminus of Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

Mission is a RAILWAY CENTRE, as well as being located in the heart of the finest FARMING and FRUIT GROWING District in the Province. Reader, do not miss this chance, as prices will be advanced this week.

FOR INFORMATION APPLY TO AGENTS.

dec23-tf

SOMERSET HOUSE,

61 and 63 Fort Street.

MRS. W. BICKFORD begs to inform her customers that she has added a full line of Millinery to her other business, and hopes by careful attention to the same to merit a share of public patronage. We will make our

FIRST SPRING SHOW

On Thursday, the 27th instant. A first-class English milliner, with six years experience, will take charge of this department. mr21

The Company of the Haras National.

FOURTH IMPORTATION.

36 French Coach, Percheron, Breton Stallions, Just Received. For Sale or to Hire. Very Favorable Terms.

STABLES AT OUTREMONT, NEAR MONTREAL. | OFFICE: 30 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

LS. BEAUBIEN, - - President. | R. AUZIAS TURENNE, - Manager.

ap22

GEORGE POWELL & CO.

CHEAPSIDE.

Cheapest House West of Toronto.

In Stock the Best and Cheapest Stoves, the Cheapest Tinware in the Province, Crockery, Glassware, Furniture, Electro-plated Goods and Cutlery, Gardening Tools and Hardware, Carpenter Tools, the Best, and at Bedrock Prices.

Cheapside, 146 Government St., Bet. Johnson & Cormorant Sts.

BUY THE CELEBRATED

EUREKA GARDEN HOSE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST CLASS HARDWARE HOUSES AND PLUMBERS IN

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Beware of Imitations! Beware of Imitations!

TORONTO RUBBER CO'Y.

MAIN OFFICE, 28 King St. West, Toronto.

W. W. FARLEY, Traveling Representative.

feb27-e-o-d

"STORM."

THIS YOUNG THOROUGHBRED TROTTING STALLION WILL SERVE A limited number of mares at the Victoria Jockey Club grounds, Cadboro Bay Road, for the season of 1890, commencing 1st April and ending 1st July.

STORM was foaled 25th April, 1886; is a rich Seal Brown in color, stands 16¼ hands high; weighs 1,200 pounds, and is remarkably good tempered. He has fine action and though never trained has shown some exceedingly fast quarters. A glance at the subjoined pedigree will convince horsemen that Storm is royally bred. Terms, $10 (to accompany first service) for the season, with privilege of returning next season if the mare does not prove to be in foal.

Great care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible for any that occur.

STORM.
- TEMPEST
  - Car'l Mambrino
    - Mambrino Patchen
      - Mambrino Chief.
      - Daughter of Gano.
    - 1st daughter of Mamb. Chief, 2nd dam by Imp Jordon.
  - Bluegra s.
    - Hambletonian (10).
      - Abdallah by son of Imp. Mess.
      - Chas. Kent mare, by Imp. Belfonder. Grayfoot, by Imp. Grayfoot.
    - Daughter of { daughter of Excelsior, by Eclipse.
    - Signal.
      - This horse was imported from Kentucky to California in an early day by Mr. Singletery, now a banker at San Jose.
      - The sire of STANDARD TROTTERS, ped. untraced.
- JEANE PERAULT.
  - The Banker's daughter
    - John Nelson.
      - Trustee, a 20-mile horse.
      - Untraced, S.T.B., by Mess
      - Belmont, Thoroughbred.
      - Rebecca, by Imp. Glencoe.
    - Miss Eaton.

N. B.—Good pasturage can be had at $2.50 per month.

mr29 JOHN SANGSTER, Manager.

THE UNEXPLORED NORTHWEST.

The Expedition on its Way. Lieut. Seton-Kerr in Command.

The First of a Series of Letters From the Pen of the Explorer.

(Special to THE COLONIST.)

NO. I.

S.S. George W. Elder, April 25, 1890.

The expedition is on its way. While we are rapidly steaming up the finest natural waterway in the world, I take the opportunity of enumerating its *personnel* and composition, as well as the objects and intentions which animate it, and the character and capabilities I hope to discover in the new country ahead. The commencement of an expedition of this kind is frequently one of its most difficult portions, but the amount of preparation and trouble, tomasha or bandobast as people say in India, attendant upon it so far, has been considerably less than I expected, while the publication of the short series of letters I intend to send you as opportunity may serve, will keep our whereabouts before the public generally and our friends in Canada in particular. Similarly to the initiatory steps necessary for the commencement of a voyage of discovery, the first letter of any series, like the opening pages of a volume, necessitate more care and thought than those which merely detail succeeding and successive events in their natural order. Compared to the slow and dignified European method people's thoughts in this country move fast, and, though this is an age of specialists, yet everyone knows something of everything—or wishes to, or thinks he does.

The country which I am aiming to reach has been left pining in the cold for a number of years without any-one to explore it, while other and more favored regions have been traversed and retraversed again and again, and some districts, where coarse gold has been found along the course of Alaska's, and part of the Northwest Territory's, great river, have been literally overrun by miners and prospectors.

THE UNEXPLORED REGIONS

alluded to lie partly in British Columbia, partially in the Alaska coast strip, and almost wholly in British Northwest Territory. The Columbia river is said to have been named by Capt. Gray in the year 1792, after his ship the Columbia, when he sailed into its estuary across the bar. But it was in the same year that Capt. George Vancouver, who had served under Capt. Cook, discovered and named the largest island on the West coast, Vancouver Island. The country remained almost without inhabitants until 1858, when gold was discovered on the Fraser River, in which year it was created a crown colony. Even now the international boundary from the sixtieth parallel southwards along the west coast is as ill-defined and imaginary in its position on the very meagre maps of this colony which we possess as any boundary line that can be thought of between the territories of the great rival nations of the world. The approximate frontier, according to the treaty between Great Britain and Russia, formulated and signed in the year 1825, is to follow a line eastwards of the one hundred and forty-first meridian as far as the mouth of Naas River at the head of Portland Canal, which shall in no part be at a greater distance than thirty miles from the sea at the heads of inlets, and it is to follow the watershed summit wherever the latter comes within that zone. The area of this colony is, roughly, three hundred and forty-two thousand square miles, without Vancouver Island, or three hundred and fifty-eight thousand with it, being more than three square miles per head of the inhabitants if it were equally divided amongst them.

Upon more than one occasion some student of geography has remarked to me that British Columbians live in a province whose boundaries are the most undefined of any of the more important provinces, states, or territories under the British crown. There is no doubt, as far as a certain portion of the eastern boundary is concerned, that upon the map it follows the one hundred and twentieth meridian from the sixtieth degree of north latitude as far south, or thereabouts, as the fifty-fourth degree, but from that point southwards it follows the complicated divide or summit of the watershed of the main Rocky Mountain range, and becomes merely provisional. There is not much doubt about the situation of the southern "march" or international boundary (the observations and computation requisite for finding the latitude of any given point being so much more simple than for longitude)—namely, the forty-ninth degree of latitude as far east as the centre of the Straits of Georgia, and then a line drawn southwards among certain islands and turning eastwards, and so to the Pacific round the south end of Vancouver through Juan de Fuca Straits (the proper pronunciation of this word is Fusa, being the old Fuca with the Spanish softened c).

The people of this continent have

A GREAT LEGACY

left them in the northwest as well as in the north, but with the more considerable advantage attached to it of greater accessibility and a less continental climate. In the better regulated and more settled governments of the world the state divests men of all immediate care respecting life and property; and what a contrast to this is to be seen in such ill-governed countries as Persia, as I have myself observed! Those whose minds are active and whose time is at their own disposal are thus almost compelled, in the case of Englishmen, to provide themselves with such solicitude and trouble as shall counterbalance and outweigh that apathy and nineteenth century inertness into which we should otherwise fall. I say that with these motives we court toil and care and sometimes danger to make us as Sir John Malcolm observes, "relish the feast of existence." It was these motives as an excuse that induced your humble servant to become a traveller (not using the word in the western sense as an ambassador of the goddess Commerce) in the year 1882, since which time he has more than once visited Canada, Sardinia, Corsica, Norway, Lapland, Turkey, Finland, the Rockies, India, Cashmere, Persia, Japan, Algeria, Morocco, South Africa and last, but not least, British Columbia. But in my humble opinion the scenery of this western coast, for example the voyage on a fine day from Victoria to Nanaimo, is absolutely without rival of its own kind unless it be on the corresponding portion of the western coast of South America, which seems a reflection of our Inland or Island Sea. The greatest thing, according to John Ruskin, which a human soul ever does in this world is "to see something and tell what it saw in a plain way." The mass of sentimental literature concerned with the analysis and description of emotion is of lower rank than the literature which merely describes what it saw. I forgot to say that an enterprising journalistic proprietor in the eastern states has equipped and despatched an expedition to attack the same portion of this continent as I independently determined to attempt to penetrate. Unless unforeseen circumstances impede us we may possibly roll back an infinitesimal corner of the curtain which in this age of geographical progress has concealed from the white man's eye this corner of the great, lone, wild north land. There are many such dark blanks on our maps of this continent, but this one is larger, and yet more accessible and withal more interesting and mysterious than the other dark blanks, not to use the word dark in its physical or moral sense, but as implying a want of knowledge of its geography.

SOME BOLD CARTOGRAPHERS,

differing from one another in their opinions, have drawn serpentine dotted lines to indicate the course of the White, Copper, Takheena and other rivers as their fancy may have led them, or according to supposed Indian report. They have shown themselves to be possessed of abundant "nerve" in thus laying down in rounded symmetrical wavy patterns the arbitrary courses of their fairy rivers. Mine enemies had best take heed unto their ways, for I shall surely call some river or volcano by their names over which we may claim the right of nomenclature by virtue of first discovery. Is Jones river forgotten, that muddy, violent, glacier stream which we discovered in 1886 in Icy bay, and named after the wealthy proprietor of the New York Times, and which the Sun perversely insisted on printing with a small j—jones river? Last year, however, the Messrs. Topham took a dreadful revenge upon me by naming a fine range, which happened to be our Ultima Thule in that expedition, Karr's hills, with a small k.

The district now in question is bounded on the south by the northern line of the province of British Columbia, or lat. 60°, on the east by the probable continuation of the Rocky Mountain range, on the west by the eastern line of the United States territory of Alaska, and on the north by the Yukon river. On a certain occasion, it is said, some persons after a dinner proposed a toast to the success of Canada bounded on the north by the Arctic, on the south by the United States, on the east by the great Atlantic, and on the west by the wide Pacific; but as an improvement it was suggested by some-one more ambitious than the others that the wording of the sentence should be "Canada, bounded on the north by the North Pole, on the south by by the Antarctic regions, on the east by the Gulf stream, and on the west by the illimitable ocean." But even this did not completely satisfy some of the company more progressive than the others, for they proposed to drink to Canada "bounded on the north by the Aurora Borealis, on the south by infinite space, on the east by the procession of the equinoxes, and on the west by the day of judgment." The unexplored parts of the British Yukon district must well deserve exploration, while the absence of any tributaries of importance along the left bank of the Lewis or Yukon, below the Takheena, with what Mr. Dawson thought the general appearance of the country in that direction, so far as it has been overlooked from any comparatively elevated ground, seems to show that the basin of the upper portion of the White river must be low; and, situated as it seems within the range of the St. Elias Alps, this country must possess most remarkable features, both geographically and from a climatic point of view. The Indians report the existence of

A BURNING MOUNTAIN

near the head waters of the White river, but it remains uncertain at present whether this report refers to Mount Wrangell, which is probably of inferior height to Mount St. Elias, or to some still unknown mountain which may be nearer to this district. When I say still unknown mountain I do not mean that the mountain is still, because if there is a volcano it is probably an active one. Not long ago I was at a picnic party in the south of France, at which Mr. Spurgeon, the celebrated Baptist minister, was one of the guests. After an interval of silence he suddenly said: "Woman, with all thy faults, I love thee still." At first none of the ladies present could see the joke. I was surprised, the other day, before leaving Victoria, to see the statement in the latest edition of the Encyclopædia Britannica that Mount St. Elias was an active volcano. We found that it was not so when we visited it in the year 1886.

What makes it probable that there may be a volcano near the headwaters of the Copper River or White River in addition to Mount Wrangell is the fact that there is a layer of volcanic ash over the surface of the country of the upper part of the Yukon basin. It appears to be due to a single period of eruption as severe as that which buried Herculaneum and Pompeii beneath the ashes of Mount Vesuvius. It must also be recollected that the whole range westwards to the Aleutian Islands and across to Kamchatka and Japan contains numerous active volcanoes commencing, so far as known, to the eastward of Mount Wrangell, and containing amongst them such splendid peaks as Tlyamna and Shishaldin.

This vessel has experienced an exceedingly fine passage so far, though one must not shout before one is out of the wood. My usual experience of this coast has been intermittent glimpses of fine weather and blue skies, broken by long spells of wet and occasionally a few fogs, especially towards the mouths and estuaries of cold glacier-fed rivers like the Stikeen and Skeena, but under the conditions of fine weather and cloudless skies, as I stated previously, I only know one place, and that is Yakutat which I can compare to the south-east coast of Vancouver's Island. I am still uncertain whether to call this Vancouver Island or Vancouver's Island as I am as to whether it should be Hudson Bay or Hudson's Bay. While we have been coaling at Nanaimo some of the passengers have been trying to catch some fish—rock cod or bass which can be seen swimming about beneath the wharf, but so far without success. People have not noticed so many ducks of different kinds before as are to be observed this year, particularly in that part of the Strait of Georgia which lies opposite to Nanaimo and Comox, including an incredible number of that absurd bird which the miners call a "road-maker," which can only flop along the surface of the sea, and frequently turns somersaults in its haste and then dives. In fact yesterday was so calm that standing in the bow of the steamer one could clearly distinguish these birds after they dived, about four or five feet below the surface, flapping slowly along, using their wings below the water as though they were actually flying in the air. There were, also, numerous porpoises about, which sometimes followed and overtook the ship, mistaking us for a whale and causing much amusement to those passengers who had never seen them before. Owing to the entire absence of ripples on the surface, the details and forms of these beautiful fish could be distinctly made out from the stern-rail as they followed the ship, as clearly as the diving birds could be seen flying below the surface of the ocean as one stood upon the bows, the latter seeming unable to get away fast enough while the former appeared to be in an equally great hurry to attack and devour us.

THE "GEO. W. ELDER"

is a moderately comfortable vessel, though the prevailing feature is rather that of compactness than of elbow-room, a characteristic of many of these coast steamers, especially in this season. The attendance is fairly good and she has been painted up for the summer's work, though, unfortunately for her speed, exceedingly foul on the bottom, not having been able either to be docked or to lie a few days in fresh water in the Columbia River, which has the effect of detaching the growths of seaweed almost as effectually as by the former operation of scraping. But she has, moreover, been so long in salt water at Seattle, that her speed seems to be reduced about two knots. Yesterday, however, she made ten knots all day. The purser and others on board who are well acquainted with Sitka, have informed me of the great changes which four years have made in that semi-Russian town. Most of those I had the pleasure of meeting there are gone elsewhere, including the greater number of the government officials, who are charged with the administration—men may come and men may go in the distant north, but Victoria seems to go on much the same as ever, slowly growing all the time.

Here, at Departure Bay, I had left my outfit, very moderate I venture to think, in bulk, and it has been placed safely on board. I may have a word or two to say about outfits when I write again from Juneau or Chilcat. Meanwhile two other ships are coaling here simultaneously with the Elder, and the Chinamen are working well. The weather is all it ought to be, and, under these circumstances, Departure Bay is really a very pretty place. One of the other ships now engaged in loading fuel is the U. S. S. Patterson, and both vessels will probably get off to-night about the same time, and as they both steam at about the same rate it is probable that they will make Seymour Narrows at the early morning flood tide simultaneously. She carries, as you are aware, the rival expedition, which is also going very much in our direction from Chilcat, and I am now going on board her to renew my acquaintance with some of the naval officers on her. Her condition is even more remarkable than our own in respect of lack of elbow room.

H. W. SETON-KARR.

A COMPLETE VINDICATION.

(Inland Sentinel, April 26th.)

During the present session of the Local Legislature the Opposition charged the Department of Education with making a political machine of that department, and asserted the Minister of Education had so far prostituted the authority vested in him as to cause the dismissal of teachers and cancellation of certificates because the holders thereof were not favorable to the Government. Outside of the members of the Opposition in the House, we do not for a moment believe that any sane person paid attention to the charges then made. However, the Minister of Education demanded an investigation and a special investigating committee comprising Messrs. Thomas Cunningham, G. B. Martin, W. H. Ladner, H. Croft and C. A. Semlin, was appointed, with power to call for persons, papers and other documents bearing on the subject, and to examine witnesses in connection therewith. The committee entered into the performance of its duties with all the zeal the exigency of the case demanded, cited witnesses, and procured all the documents necessary, and with the fruits of this evidence before it, prepared and submitted to the House the report which we publish on another page of this issue. This report was signed by all the members of the committee except Mr. Semlin, who presented what is termed a minority report, and which also appears in this issue in connection with the majority report.

The majority report is clear and concise, and enters into a statement of the case so fully that no loophole of escape is allowed for the traducers of Mr. Robson. What their feelings were when the report was submitted to the House can only be imagined; they had not the manliness to admit the mistake they had made nor to apologise as they should have done.

It will be a matter of general satisfaction to all concerned to know that there is no shadow of truth in the base charges made against the department, and Mr. Robson's friends throughout the province will congratulate him on the complete vindication afforded him by the report.

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

Advice to Invalids—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating system of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, etc.

. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians that he had received a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manilla, to the effect that Cholera had been raging fearfully, and that the ONLY remedy of any service was CHLORODYNE—See "Lancet," December 31, 1864.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

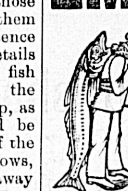
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Caution—Beware of Piracy and Imitations. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell-square, Bloomsbury, London. mo20-6ms-law

CHINESE DOCTOR.

DR. WONG HIM, late (for 16 years) of Los Angeles, California.

Office—4 Cormorant street, next to King, Tye & Co.'s. P.O. Box 320. fy28om

SCOTT'S EMULSION



Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

Scott's Emulsion *is a perfect Emulsion. It is a wonderful Flesh Producer. It is the Best Remedy for* **CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.**

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Scott's Emulsion is only put up in salmon color wrapper. Avoid all imitations or substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

me21-eod-d-w.

China and Japan FANCY GOODS.

We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of

CELEBRATED TEA,

Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.

—ALSO—

PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD.

Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,

HANG WO HING KEE,

Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street. fy 25-12mo

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

jsn1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

$100 Reward!

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who took a horse and buggy from my stable without permission on the night of Sunday, April 20th.

ap23 M. C. HEATHORN.

RESIDENCES! ACRES! LOTS!

ON SALE,

For CASH and on EASY TERMS

ACRES.

Foul Bay,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Waterfront,
Saanich Road,
Burnside Road.

LOTS.

James Bay,
Victoria West,
Spring Ridge,
Craigflower Road,

—CITY—

Fort Street Extension.

RESIDENCES.

Yates street,
Johnson street,
Spring Ridge,
Belcher street,
Fort street,
North Park street,
Cedar Hill Road,
John street.

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

P. O. Box 468. 30 Fort street.

ap10-12mo



LOOK OUT

—FOR THE—

Great Subdivision Sale

—OF—

CITY PROPERTY

In a few days.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr

51 Yates Street.

mar16

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between James Hastie and Charles B. Lockhart, under the firm name of "Hastie & Lockhart," has been dissolved by mutual consent. The said James Hastie will continue to carry on business at the old stand, and will pay all the liabilities of, and collect all debts due to the late firm.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 24th day of March, 1890.

JAMES HASTIE.
C. B. LOCKHART.

Witness H. G. HALL. me25-1m

REAL ESTATE.

E. M. JOHNSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

(ESTABLISHED TEN YEARS.)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

5 Building Lots,	Humboldt Street, easy terms	$ 900 each.
1 do	Victoria Crescent ,,	650
1 Corner Lot	St. Charles and Fort Streets	1,660
6 Room House and Lot	Corner Edward and Mary Streets, bath, pantry, outbuildings, etc.	3,000
3½ Acres	Near Pooley Castle, Esquimalt Road	5,000
20 Acres	Near New West. City per acre,	160
6 Acres	Adj'g F. G. Walker's residence, Esquimalt R'd. "	1,600
6 Acres	Water front, Gorge Road, beautiful building lot	12,000
2 Lots	157 and 158 4th Street	626.25 ea.
18 Build'g Lots,	Fernwood Road, Pembroke and Chatham Streets, easy terms	425 & up.
33¾ Acres	East shore of Elk Lake per acre,	50
¼ Acre	James Bay	1,050
3 Acres and sea frontage	15 minutes' drive from Post Office	4,000
2 Lots—2 fronts.	Work and John Streets	2,300
1 Corner Lot	Douglas and Discovery Streets, $60 a foot, long frontage on Douglas Street	7,200
2 Lots	1644, 1645 Bellot Street, each	1,000
1 Lot	Niagara and Turner Streets (fenced)	900
1 Lot	Simcoe Street	900
1 Corner Lot	Facing the Park	1,500
1 Corner Lot	85 x 120, Quadra and Fisgard	4,000
1 Lot and 11 Room House	And all conveniences, (this is less than cost) Terms.	7,250
1 Lot and 9 Room House	Facing end of Pandora Avenue, stone walls and foundations, bath, etc., etc. (Terms.)	5,500
1 Lot	No. 6, Bl. N, Harbor Est., John Street, House, &c.	1,500
2 Lots	11 & 12, Bl. D, and House, etc., David and Bridge Sts.	2,000
2 Lots	22 & 24, Bl. Q, Henry Street, each	750
1 Lot	131 Bl. P, Victoria West	550
House and Lots	next Martin's, Victoria West	2,750
House and 7 Lots,	near Fernwood Road (special terms on this)	
House and Lot	Chatham Street, " "	
Corner Lot	Chatham and Blanchard Sts.—the best unoccupied corner on the avenue	
Land fronting Cowichan Lake, per acre		15
2 Acres near the Gorge		2,100

73 Lots opposite the Jubilee Hospital.

Farms, Residences in the Country, Timber, Coal and Sheep Lands.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

100 Blocks of Half an Acre Each

Within 10 minutes of the Post Office by Cars and road.

Plans in course of preparation.

WILL BE OFEERED DURING THE NEXT 14 DAYS.

SUITABLE for RESIDENCES, GARDENS or ORCHARDS.

Prices extremely moderate, and little more than asked for single lots in the vicinity. Terms easy.

This is the best value yet offered and leaves room for speculative rise.

RENTS AND INTEREST.

Special attention given to collection of Rents and interest, and prompt returns made. Highest references if required.

CONVEYANCING

in all its branches cheaply and expeditiously carried out.

MONEY

To be lent on freehold mortgage and investments found for capitalists on first-class securities.

Long list of city lots, suburban acres and country property and farms on sale.

Maps, detail plans, and all information at

Office, Cor. Government and Broughton Streets,

VICTORIA.

MUNICIPAL.

A BY-LAW

To authorize the sale of lands within the City of Victoria, upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT THAT all lands or parcels of lands within the City of Victoria upon which taxes have been due and in arrear for two years shall be sold and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes;

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:—

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed, whensoever taxes on any land have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list in duplicate of all the lands liable under the provisions of this By-law to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the same; and the Mayor shall authenticate such lists by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the clerk of the Corporation and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land for the arrears due thereon, with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands for taxes to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land; nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands to be sold and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this By-law to be paid to him, and shall cause such list to be published in some daily paper in the City of Victoria for a period of three months preceding such intended sale.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands for the taxes on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least three months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the post office to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due and that the property is to be sold for arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown a notice to the same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold; and also, at least three months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public places, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the ninetieth day after the publication of such list exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said ninetieth day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day, at the Council Chambers in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first; and in offering such lands for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day to be publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in one of the local papers in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands for any sum he can realize, and shall accept such sum as full payment for such arrears of taxes.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay to the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale, the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds of such sale to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector, after selling any land for taxes, shall give a certificate under his hand to the purchaser, stating distinctly what part or portion, as the case may be, of the land, and what interest therein have been sold, or stating that the whole lot, section or estate has been so sold, and describing the same, and also stating the quantity of land, the sum for which it has been sold and the expenses of sale, and further stating that a deed conveying the same to the purchaser or his assigns according to the nature of the estate or interest sold, will be executed by him, and the Mayor, on his or their demand at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the certificate, if the land be not previously redeemed.

13. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

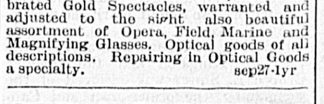
14. This By-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of March, A. D. 1890,

Re-considered and finally passed the Council, this 16th day of April, A. D. 1890.

[L.S. JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. ap19



S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST. one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight, also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

GEO. A. SARGISON, NOTARY PUBLIC, Accountant & Agent, 48 LANGLEY ST. au27

LIP KEE, TAILOR And Employment Office, No. 6 Cormorant St., Victoria, B. C. ap6-1mo

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 11 a. m

"Umatilla," - - - April 29

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents. mar26

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY



Steamer ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

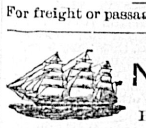
On and after November 19th 1889,

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE!

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows, CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Lv Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "

For freight or passage apply on board. feb5



BARQUE NANAIMO, CAPT. J. NEWBY, Hence at Shanghai.

ANY CLAIMS against this Vessel, up to the 10th March last, are to be rendered to the undersigned not later than 25th inst., the Barque having changed ownership on the aforesaid 10th day of March.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

Victoria, B. C., 18th April, 1890. ap19

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE



THE BR. BARQUE EARL DERBY, Capt. Stephenson, From London.

Will commence discharging cargo to-morrow morning at the inner harbor at 8 o'clock. Consignees of cargo are requested to present bills of lading, duly endorsed, and pay freight, and receive delivery orders for the goods.

All goods left on the wharf after 5 p. m. each day will be at the risk and expense of consignees thereof, and liable to be warehoused for their account.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Consignees of Vessel. ap18-1w

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION COMPANY, (Limited)

Time Table No. 12, takes effect January 1, 1890.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a. m.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock

Fraser River Route:

Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamship SARDONYX will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. jy25

MEDICAL.

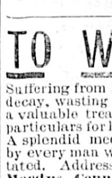
Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood.

CURES Constipation, Biliousness all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. MRS. HOPPERON.



DR. JORDAN'S Museum of Anatomy, 751 Market st., San Francisco.

GO AND LEARN HOW TO avoid disease, and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment, personally or by letter, on weakness and all diseases of men. Send for Book. Private office, 211 Geary street.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of errors, early decay, wasting weakness, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn. nov9-d&w

The Great English Prescription.

A successful medicine of 30 years test, cured thousands of cases of Nervous prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness, and all diseases caused by ignorance when young.

Six boxes will cure when all other medicines fail. Guaranteed. One box, $1; 6 boxes, $5, by mail.

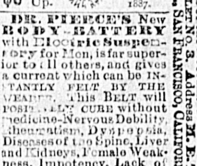
BEFORE. EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., AFTER

DETROIT, MICH. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. nov9

FOR MEN ONLY!

A POSITIVE CURE FOR GENERAL AND NERVOUS DEBILITY; WEAKNESS of BODY and MIND; and ALL TROUBLES Arising from Early Indiscretions. Robust HEALTH fully Restored. Absolutely Unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y. my14-eod&w-1yr

LIFE RENEWER!



The Only RUPTURE REMEDY that will cure is Electricity. Dr. Pierce's is the only genuine Electric Truss in the world. Sealed Pamphlet No. 1. M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. PIERCE'S New BODY-BATTERY with Electric Suspensory for Men, is far superior to all others, and gives a current which can be INSTANTLY FELT BY THE WEARER. This BELT will POSITIVELY CURE without medicine-Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Spine, Liver and Kidneys, Female Weakness, Impotency, Lack of Power, etc. For full particulars call or send stamp for Sealed Pamphlet No. 2. Address:

"GALENA" PILES APPLIER; An Instrument for Home treatment. CURES ALL Diseases of the Rectum. New INVENTION! Send 2c for PAMPHLET No. 3. Address M. E. T. Co., 704 Sacramento St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

mar15-eod-dw-1yr

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1890.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound W W Good, H Barnes, C Travis, M Reese, L Holgate, D Fenton, W McMann, Mrs Cooper and daughter, E Schultz, E Mason, Jno Lawr, J Fresham, B E Sherwood, S Hyams and wife, W Biggar, A F Chapman, D. Frazier.

Per Str. YOSEMITE from Westminster.—Rev and Mrs Irvine, Mrs C Tepooreten, Mr and Mrs Benson, S Adler, J Dooley, J Leahy, T F Sinclair, Mrs Harrison, Beyniner, Colgdaripe, J K Suter, Snider, Morrison, Anderson, Matthews, Jenkins, Johnson, Davis, Howe, W H Steves, H Ressnler, Oakes, H Kirkland, I Van Volkenburgh.

Per Str CITY OF KINGSTON f m the Sound: Ed Lichtenthaler, Miss Clyde, L W Wescott and wife, Mrs Teague, Mrs Flynn, H O Peck, E E Blackwood, P Munson and wife, O J Balfert, W E Osterhaut, Mrs Hutchins, J O Jackson, M T Shook and wife, S W King and wife, F S Davis, J Hendrickson, Mrs Kache J S Howell, Mrs Marsten, C Buiss and wife, W H Fife, S B Graham, Mrs Hastings.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from Sound P McQuade & Son, E G Prior, Walof & Brooks, R Baker & Son, D W Higgins, R Jewell, M Clausen, Andy Anderson, August & Garwood, M W Waitt & Co, Marvin & Tilton, Geo Morrison, Julian J Works, Albion Iron Works, T Story, Turner B & Co, T Lubbe.

Per Steamer LOUISE, from Westminster: S L Kelly, J Stewart, A Bruce, Mrs Rattray, J B Behnsen, Lenz & Leiser, J Weiler, King & Dyer, Dom Ex Co, J Dooley, G Tolfick, J H Todd & Son, Brackman & Ker, Spratt & Gray, M Collinson.

WANTED,

2,000 lots of ladies' and gents' new and cast-off clothing, by April 25th, N. POINTER, No. 85 Johnson street, cor. of Broad. *

A complete line of Bats, Balls, Catcher's Gloves, Mitts, Masks, and Body Protectors at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s.

The "Queen" brand of hams and bacon cut from Iowa corn-fed hogs, cured in granulated sugar and smoked with corn cobs, specially for those who can appreciate a good article. Ask your grocer for "Queen" brand. marltf

Enquire for Fernwood lots near the tramway line, adjoining Col. Dupont's residence.

New Books.

Syrlin, by Ouida.
The Little Chatelaine, by the Earl of Desart.
Without Love or License, by Hawley Smart.
A Society Scandal, by "Rita."
For sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery Government street. YOUNG BROS., o4 Telephone call No. 161.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G. Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or E. C. Kellogg's cor. Yates and Douglas sts, will be promptly attended to. *ap26-1y

Lacrosse Sticks and Balls, Lawn Tennis Nets, Racquets and Balls, for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

MUTINOUS JAP SAILORS.

Men Who Amuse Themselves by Defying, and Afterwards Beating Their Officer.

Seebee, Ymanchi, Otula, Harrato, Tomaka, Ido, Aassbeedeme, Sun, Nogume, and Skamatoassa, are all Japanese sailors who questioned the authority of their mate, Olaff Marten Lundberg, while their ship Penelope was in port. Circumstances show that one of the men went on shore without permission, and on being informed by the mate that he had disobeyed orders, he told the officer that he would do so as often as he pleased, and that he (the mate) had no authority while the ship was in port. Words followed his defiance of official authority in which the remaining Japs took part, the result being a lively scuffle, in which the mate played a prominent defensive role. He was knocked down and cut about the head slightly, in addition to which his assailants drenched him with water. Assistance soon came from the white portion of the crew, who produced their shooters, cowed the Japs and drove them down below. A couple of shots were fired in the air to render more effectual the threat if the Japanese came up or attempt to come up they would be shot down. They heeded the advice until Sergeant Laugley and one of his men, along with city police officer Walker came aboard and secured the mutineers. They were lodged in jail and brought before Mr. Robert Ward, J.P., to answer to the charge of mutiny and assault. Mr. Tazawa was sworn in as interpreter, and Mr. Mills appeared for the prosecution. The case was, however, remanded till this morning at ten o'clock.

LITTLE LOCALS.

Baby carriages, first arrived, just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort st.

For lawn tennis, cricket and base ball goods, go to H. Shorts, 32 Fort street.

A United Trades banquet is announced for Thursday evening.

John Smith, a native of Prussia, died at the Royal hospital on Sunday night.

White granite ware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

Selfpolishing stove polish—10 cents per box—at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

The French hotel, Johnson street, is to be re-opened on May 1st by Bossi & Son.

Self-wringing mop sticks at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates Street.

Stationery at Daley's, 91 Douglas st. *

Lawn mowers and tools at Cheapside. *

Jacob Sehl's verandahs on Government street are falling before the axe of progress.

Shelf hardware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

The New Cotton Pongees, plain colors only, at the City House.

Electro plated ware at R A Brown & Co.'s, Douglas street.

The alterations to the First Presbyterian church were begun yesterday by the contractors.

An interesting meeting of the Young People's Association of the Pandora street Methodist church was held last night.

The New "Indoo" Muslin for Ball and Evening Dresses—White only—at the City House.

For Sheffield razors, pocket knives, scissors table cutlery, etc., go to M. & H. A. Fox, 78 Government street.

Pygmalion and Galatea is to be presented at The Victoria next month by amateurs under the direction of Prof. Adderley.

Geo. Byrnes will sell at 11 o'clock today, at the residence of Mr. A. Viddler, Dallas road, furniture, horses, and a fine pleasure yacht.

"Linerusta Walton," the most popular of interior wall decorations, at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street.

Take your misfitting suits to the "Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Establishment," there they can be made to fit you at a small cost. Jno. T. Pierre, prop., 96 Yates treet.

The members of the Y. M. I. are busily engaged in preparing an entertaining programme for their coming concert, to be held May 5th.

If you are intending going East, make a note of the C. P. R. excursions and specially fitted colonist sleepers. First-class travel at second-class rates. Robt. Irving, agent. tf

A mossback who refused to give a street car the right-of-way on James Bay bridge Sunday evening has received a warning from the police that a summons will follow a repetition of the offence.

The finest line of perfumes, toilet sets and fancy soaps, etc., is to be had at John Teague, jr.'s drug store, Poodle Dog block, Yates street. Prescriptions carefully compounded at any hour of the day or night. Telephone call 469.

The street sprinkling this year is being done by the corporation men and corporation horses, under the direct charge of the street committee. The council think that this system is far more satisfactory than the contract plan.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

"Tales of Western Life."

By H. R. A. Pocock, for sale by Gill & Co., Broad-street, 25c.

English Prints and Muslins

Ten cents per yard. Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

Death of an Indian Chief.

Captain Jack, chief of the Sooke Indians, died at Sooke on Sunday night, aged 75 years. He was possessed of considerable property, and in his will he left Louis Lazar, a friend of his, a sum of $1,100.

An Illegal Traffic.

Samuel Wilson was convicted and fined $50, with $4.50 costs, at the provincial police court yesterday morning for having liquor, presumably for sale, on the Indian reserve. The fine was paid into court and the offender escaped three months' incarceration.

Gone Up in Smoke.

In accordance with orders received from Ottawa, the consignment of Zola's novels seized in a local bookstore a few days ago, was yesterday destroyed by fire at the Custom House. The bonfire represented about $50 worth of books, and Inspector Young, in person, acted as chief stoker.

Victoria West, 30 lots--30 sold Saturday---Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

A Sunday Sousing.

Two young men out in a canoe Sunday nearly paid their lives as a penalty for the pleasure they had. As they were going up the Gorge their canoe, by some mishap, was upset and its occupants were treated to a bath, fortunately nothing more serious. The two young men got home as soon as possible and obtained dry clothing.

The Church will be Stone.

A meeting of the trustee board of the Pandora street Methodist church was held in the pastor's vestry last evening, when it was unanimously decided to build the new church of stone throughout, thereby increasing its cost and value by about $10,000. The contract price of the church was, before, $50,000; so that the new building now will cost in the neighborhood of sixty thousand.

Names of the Sealers.

Considerable confusion exists at present in regard to the names of certain schooners in the sealing fleet. The Mollie Adams is also known as the E. B. Marvin, the Minnie as the Finland, and the Walter L. Rich as the Steward. The fact is, that according to their register all these schooners retain their old names, but negotiations are in progress to enable them to change. For several months longer, however, the old names must be retained.

Picked up at Sea.

The schooner Luby A. Cousins, which arrived at Astoria from Eureka, Cala., on Saturday last, when about sixty miles west by north of Yaquina picked up five men adrift in two boats belonging to the sealing schooner Rosie Olsen, which left Astorta a short time since, bound north on a sealing cauise. The men were cared for by the captain of the Cousins until Saturday morning, when a craft was sighted and they were finally transferred aboard of her.

Victoria West—see the Red Cross—Crane, McGregor and Boggs.

Called to the Bar.

On Friday afternoon an examination of barristers of other provinces for admision to the bar of British Columbia, was held before Mr. Justice McCreight at New Westminster. The following were the successful candidates and the provinces in which they had graduated: Manitoba—Albert Edward Beck and Robert Wilson Harris; Ontario—John Campbell and Adolphus Williams; Nova Scotia—A. Morrison and Edgar Allison McGee; New Brunswick—Isaac Hoyte Hallet.

Buried Far from Home.

Sergt. Langley, of the provincial police, has received the following telegram from the brother of the late Thomas Christie, who was found drowned last Friday:

"John M. Langley, superintendent Provincial Police, Victoria:—Have body buried at my expense. Please write particulars immediately. David Christie, Lachute."

These instructions will be carried out, and the poor fellow will fill a grave in a place far from home and friends, although in the country where he made his money.

The Minstrels.

Cleveland's big minstrel company, numbering thirty-five people, arrived over from the Sound yesterday morning by the special steamer George E. Starr, and at once caught the train for Nanaimo, where they gave an exhibition last night. Returning they caught this morning's steamer for the mainland, where they play to-night and to-morrow. Their Victoria engagement is for Thursday and Friday evening. The company, from their appearance and press notices, are first-class people, and they will, no doubt, put on a good show.

A Bold Move.

Among the passengers for San Francisco to-day will be Charles Labelle, —"The Smuggler King"—who has been an unwilling resident of Victoria for a couple of years, a sentence of fine and imprisonment for opium smuggling having been recorded against him at Detroit. The sensational circumstances of his case are still fresh in the minds of Victorians. His banishment from the land of the Stars and Stripes has become very irksome and he has now decided to go back to the States, expecting to be arrested. If he is he will fight the case over in the courts

The Queen of the Pacific.

The Queen of the Pacific, or rather the Queen, for the steamer has been rechristened, went off the dry dock at the Union Iron Works at San Francisco lately and docked at Broadway wharf 2. She looks wonderfully improved in her new dress, and would scarcely be recognized as the old Queen of the Pacific. Another deck has been built, and she is now a five-decker. Thirty-eight staterooms have been added to her passenger accommodations, and many other improvements and expensive additions have been constructed. A large force of painters are now engaged in giving the finishing touches to the steamer, and she will be made ready to go on excursion trips to Alaska during the summer. At first sight the Queen would appear to be top-heavy, but precautions have been taken to make her sit well in the water.—S. F. Chronicle.

The Kingston's Master.

The Seattle Morning Journal says: "Captain Roberts is no longer master of the City of Kingston. This statement will undoubtedly cause considerable surprise in Sound maritime circles. Captain Roberts, it seems, after the collision at Port Townsend between the City of Kingston and the steamer George E. Starr, was relieved of the command of the former craft and Captain Wood was given the vessel. He presided over her destinies for about two weeks, and now he too has given way to a new man. The Kingston's latest master is Captain Melville Nicholls, who attained to local celebrity by bringing the steamer around from New York. Nicholls will, however, not remain long in his place, as he is the man selected to proceed to New York to witness the launching of the new steamer City of Seattle and bring her around to the Sound. Just who will succeed Nicholls as master of the Kingston nobody seems to know, but the Journal's marine reporter is in a position to state almost positively that Captain Roberts will again be given command of the steamer.

"A Word to the Wise."

Before purchasing a dollar's worth of spring clothing call and examine the exceptionally fine stock now being opened at the Golden Rule Clothing Store, 40 Yates street. * tf

The Final Test.

The fire alarm system of the city will be thoroughly tested this morning between 10 and 11 o'clock. This will be the first general test that will have been made since the incorporation of the electric system. Hereafter also the hour of noon will be sounded each day—thus 1—11.

Victoria West---Pine street and Belton avenue --- Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

Sunday School Convention.

On Wednesday evening a Sunday school convention will be opened in St. Andrew's church and will be continued on Thursday, there being three sessions per day. It is expected that there will be a large attendance and that the proceedings will be of a very interesting and profitable character.

Mission Matters.

A lecture was delivered at Johnson's Landing school-house a few evenings ago, by Rev. Mr. Robson, on "The turning point of life." It was largely attended and highly appreciated.

The work of raising the trestle of the Mission Bridge is now in operation, and it is hoped that the bridge will be completed before high water. This year's freshet is expected to be above the average on account of the heavy snow and late spring.

Progress of Anacortes.

According to a telegraphic dispatch to the Tacoma Globe, the population of Anacortes is not less than 3,000, the city proper being composed of 354 buildings, including 83 tents, 72 dwellings, 21 saloons, 17 restaurants, 10 hotels, 20 lodging houses and 40 real estate offices. On January 20 there were but five buildings where the city now stands, with a population not exceeding 25.

A Spokane Falls Sensation.

Some time ago a man named Scoville, accompanied by a woman whom he alleged to be his wife, came to Spokane Falls. He opened an architect's office and she kept a lodging house. On Thursday they skipped out leaving bills to the amount of over $1,000 unpaid. It has since transpired that she is a sister of Charles J. Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield. The couple are said to have come to Victoria, where they are now living under an assumed name.

Victoria West---Lots from $200, $25 instalments---Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

Foolish Little Horse.

It is rarely that a horse takes it into its equine brain to run away where there is a chance to doing little, if any, damage, but a horse actually did run away on the Park road Sunday—a clean, straight-away bolt he made. It was a bright, fresh little animal, full of fire and vigor, and away he went, without hindrance, the pull on the reins only seeming to him like a gentle encouragement to keep up the pace. After about a mile had been covered in this way, he was brought to a standstill, no one suffering any loss but himself, and that only a little wind.

Freight and Trade.

Port Townsend is booming just now, and its incoming freight is very heavy in consequence. The City of Kingston yesterday had 75 head of horses for that city to be used on the railways in construction; as well as one carload of hogs, one of machinery, and two carloads of mixed merchandise. In consequence of the heavy Townsend freight considerable Victoria shipments had to be left behind.

One carload of wheat and one of mixed merchandise arrived by the Kingston yesterday.

The steamer Walla Walla brought 2,316 tons of freight yesterday, 342 tons being for this port.

Meeting of Englishmen.

A well attended meeting was held last evening at the Sir Wm. Wallace Society's hall, Broad street, to organize a lodge of the Order of the Sons of St. George. Mr. Levin was elected chairman and Mr. See secretary. The aims and objects of the organization were stated by P. G. P. Williams of California, who said that the Sons of St. George had no connection in any manner, shape or form with the St. George's Benevolent Society of this city or the Sons of England. A vote being taken as to whether a lodge should be formed here resulted favorably, and a blank application for charter being opened, twenty signatures were attached to it. A committee consisting of Mr. Dearborn, Dr. Wade, Hy. Sellick, Mr. Melrean, and Mr. King, were appointed a committee on permanent organization, and the meeting adjourned to meet again some time during this week.

PERSONAL.

E. J. Palmer and wife are in town.

A. J. Hughett, of Escanoba, Mich., is at the Clarence.

C. E. Sendin, M. P. P., returned to Cache Creek this morning.

R. P. Rithet is expected home from San Francisco next week.

W. H. Ladner, M. P. P., returned to his constituency on Sunday.

H. F. Heisterman returned from San Francisco yesterday morning.

Rev. and Mrs. Irvine were passengers from Westminster last evening.

J. Coagdaripe and I. Van Volkenburgh came over from the mainland last evening.

Kenneth Mackenzie and D. Macleod, Portland railway men, are at the Driard.

Parnell Munsen and wife, Raymond excursionists, of Amherst, Mass., are in the city.

W. H. Steves, of Lulu Island, and J. K. Suter, of Westminster, arrived over last night.

Justice and Mrs. Walkem returned from Kamloops on Sunday, and are at Roccobella.

F. W. Foster returned from San Francisco yesterday, and is located at the Revere house.

Joseph Loewen is now on a fair road to recovery, having, it is believed, safely passed the critical point.

Lieut.-Col. Prior, M. P., and F. S. Barnard, M. P., passed through Winnipeg yesterday en route for Victoria.

E. E. Blackwood, manager of the Northern Pacific railway at Victoria, paid a flying visit to Port Townsend yesterday.

T. H. Stephens, grand master A.O.U. W., left by the Kingston Sunday night, well pleased with the standing of the order here, and with Victoria generally.

J. B. Goss, of Minneapolis, who is identified with the Victoria Lumber and Mfg. Co., spent Sunday and yesterday in town, and leaves to-day for San Francisco.

George Ross, of Spreckelsville Sandwich Islands, who is spending a few days at the Revere house, says that there is a prospect of lively times at Honolulu next month when the legislature opens. The country is pretty evenly divided although the National Reform party, composed of the native and working white classes, claims a majority over the Capitalist party. The principal plank of the Reform party is Chinese exclusion, while their political opponents claim that the importation of Chinese is necessary to the operation of the plantations.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

The Committee Meet and Adopt a Programme.

The Navy, "C" Battery, and the Militia Ready and Willing to Take Part in the Celebration.

From the large attendance at the general committee meeting last evening, and from the interest manifested by all who were present, it is to be confidently expected that the celebration of the Queen's Birthday this year will be a worthy and a delightful one.

Mayor Grant was in the chair last night, and after routine business had been disposed of, a report from the Athletic Committee, Mr. J. Braden, chairman, was received. In their report the committee recommended the adoption of a programme of sports as follows: Baseball—Amities v. Port Townsend; Lacrosse, Victoria v. Mainland; Baseball—James Bay v. Vancouver; Bicycle parade and tournament; Athletic Exhibition by the Victoria Athletic Club; general programme of out-of-door sports, including running, jumping, etc. The adoption of this report, it was stated, would involve the expenditure of about $800, exclusive of incidentals, music, etc.

The report of the Regatta committee recommended the presentation of cups, medals and cash prizes, for aquatic races, involving the expenditure of $400 exclusive of incidentals, and of the prizes to be given for the naval races and Indian races. The list of sports suggested included shell and skiff races for the provincial championships; four oared races, canoe, sailing and swimming races, greasy pole, etc. Cups and medals instead of cash prizes were offered for competition in the greater number of events; it being stated that a number of medals ordered last year by Supt. Roycraft, were still available.

Mayor Grant informed the committee that Capt. Hulton, R.N., was ready and willing, with the other officers of the squadron, to do all in his power to make the celebration an overwhelming success. On Thursday morning he (Capt. Hulton) had promised to meet with Col. Holmes and several other gentlemen, to arrange a programme of sports, in which the navy, "C" battery and militia would take part, on Beacon Hill.

The chairman also announced that the majority of the aldermen had refused to act on the finance committee, but he had induced a few gentlemen to join with him, and they would soon get to work.

Two hundred dollars was the appropriation asked for by the printing committee.

Hon. Mr. Turner, chairman of the illumination committee, said that he was open to suggestions in regard to the character of the illuminations and fireworks. He did not know whether it would be preferable to have the illuminations at the government building or at the Gorge. It might be impossible to procure fireworks from England on account of the difficulty in inducing steamers to carry them, but rockets, etc., could possibly be procured from the naval authorities.

Mr. Redfern and Col. Wolfenden moved that the illuminations and fireworks be given at the government buildings.

Hon. Mr. Turner remarked that a beautiful and artistic effect could be obtained by illuminating that part of Beacon Hill park in the neighborhood of the lakes.

Mr. Redfern amended his resolution and it was decided to have the illumination either at the government grounds or at the park.

Hon. Mr. Higgins dwelt upon the great necessity of the finance committee getting to work without delay. He thought that the citizens now were in a generous mood, and the finest demonstration that Victoria has ever seen could be arranged. It was primarily necessary, however, to get funds—"money made the mare go"—and the more cash there was in hand, the better would be the show.

The mayor again explained that the greater part of the aldermanic board had objected to serving on the finance committee, and, although nothing had yet been done, something would be next week.

Hon. Mr. Higgins urged that a start be made before the present meeting dispersed. He advised that the subscription list be opened, and that the gentlemen present put down their names for what they would give.

Mr. Dalby advised that the finance committee be given another week in which to report.

The chairman decided to adopt the suggestions of both Mr. Dalby and Hon. Mr. Higgins; the finance committee were given another week to work in, and a subscription list was drawn up for signatures.

Two hundred dollars was set apart for the use of the printing committee; the various clauses of the athletic committee's report were adopted seriatim; the regatta committee's report was adopted, the committee being permitted to add further events during one week.

After a long debate as to the order of the sports, and two divisions, both resulting in a tie, and decided by the casting vote of the mayor, it was resolved that the matter stand over until Capt. Hulton, R. N., and the officers of the navy had been consulted as to when they could best be present.

"C" BATTERY BARRACKS.

The Officers Quarters Being Constructed—Other Necessary Buildings Required This Year.

Since the fine weather set in the construction on the officers quarters at Work Point for "C" Battery, is being rapidly pushed by the contractors, Munday & Woodward. The stone foundations are nearly finished for the long building, and the commandant's residence is well on the way. The plan of the building is not possessed of much architectural beauty, but the building is being erected in a most substantial manner, and the "quarters" will be much more comfortable than the average Victoria house. Double walls, two layers of building paper, and plaster will make in all about one foot in thickness, and the cold blasts of winter will have little chilling effect on the residents. A COLONIST representative paid a visit to the barracks yesterday afternoon, and could not but remark the excellence of the site for the purpose intended and admire the beauty of its location. To the south-east can be seen the grand Olympian range, the waters of the Straits and wooded shores lying between. To the east a splendid view of the business portion of Victoria, solid and substantial, and the residences on the high ground, is obtained, Dunsmuir Castle standing out in bold relief. The shore at the point is rocky, but at Rose Bay is a beautiful sandy beach, which will no doubt be taken full advantage of when the battery is definitely located in its new quarters. The commandant, Lieut.-Col. Holmes, and his family are residing in one of the three "huts" erected for the men some two years ago

The space for the parade ground has been slashed, but the stumps are still in the ground. This is immediately in front of the huts. On the south side of the parade a tennis court, and on the north a recreation ground for all sorts of games will be made. However, this will all take considerable time.

The reporter learned that only the officers quarters are arranged for this year. If this intention is adhered to at the end of the summer the officers and men of the battery will be in about the same position as at present. A parade ground of stumps and mud will prove but a sorry place for drill purposes. Without hospital, canteen, cook houses, guard house and other necessary buildings, the good sleeping accommodation provided will scarcely warrant the term "comfortable quarters." It struck the visitor as being most absurd and reprehensible that a sufficient appropriation for fully completing the buildings and parade ground was not made at one and the same time. The manner in which the contracts so far have been made is only calculated to greatly increase their total cost. Another $25,000 with the appropriation for the building of officers' quarters would have erected all the smaller buildings, but with the present system of constructing them, piece-meal, they will cost double that sum. The pay of the privates of "C" battery is 50 cents per head per day, a salary well calculated to instil habits of economy and morality among them. With this pittance at the present time they occupy most uncomfortable and unpleasant quarters, and it seems the determination of the minister of militia that at the new quarters they will still remain subject to discomfort and inconvenience. Surely comfortable and attractive quarters in every respect should be provided for men who receive such small compensation. The strength or standard of the battery can never be sustained if the life is not made attractive. No doubt the militia department is well and frequently informed of the necessities of Battery "C," and if the corps had been located at Victoria "P.Q.," instead of at Victoria, B.C., its wants would have received the most careful attention. As an instance of neglect the battery here, although a requisition has been sent in again and again, is not provided with a telephone, whereas Batteries A and B of Kingston and Quebec have a couple of them paid for by the department. In the eyes of the department "C" Battery is a stepchild, and should be content with little.

In the course of events, perhaps, a change of ministers will require to be made, when all the necessary improvements for placing "C" battery in possession of barracks equal to those furnished in England to the regulars, will be completed. When such is a fact there can be no question that they will then be the most attractive military quarters to be found anywhere, for, added to good housing and conveniences of life, the site is most picturesque, and the barrack grounds will be one of the attractions of the beautiful city of Victoria.

The officers' quarters will be finished by 1st August next, and it is to be hoped that the militia department will see the error of its ways and make the other needed improvements, so that officers and men may at last move in and rejoice in having at last a permanent abiding place.

Lots on the Esquimalt Road —Crane, McGregor & Boggs.

Our North Country.

The readers of THE COLONIST will be pleased to find on the 5th page of this issue the first of a series of letters by Lieut. Seton-Karr, descriptive of his discoveries and adventures in the hitherto unknown country to the north. The stories of the Indians and the trappers have given to this section an air of romance and mystery which THE COLONIST letters will either dispel or intensify. In any event there can be no doubt that the correspondence will prove to be interesting, the more so since a rival expedition to the one conducted by Lieut. Karr is being carried on in connection with a newspaper in the United States.

Anarchists Arrested.

PARIS, April 28.—Seven men, who have been most prominent among the leaders of the anarchists in this city, were arrested to-day. A search of their residences revealed a secret printing press and a large quantity of revolutionary documents.

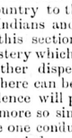
ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 107 Wall Street, New York. au15-1y



MANTLES!

Mantles!

Our stock of Spring Mantles just in from ENGLAND, are fully up to our expectations, and we feel confident in placing them before the LADIES that they will give satisfaction.

Call while Stock is complete and make your selections.

C. L. TERRY,

Cash Dry Goods,

COR. BROAD AND YATES STS.



sep14-1yr-dw

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

Sunshades and Parasols.

SHOTS, new colors, in ten qualities.

PONGEES in Art shades, with frills, good rustic handles.

FANCY BROCHE and striped silk, rustic and metal mounts; the best assortment in the city; all prices, varying from 50 cents to $10.00.

Also, LADIES' and GENTS' UMBRELLAS, with some very special sterling silk and agate mounts.

D. SPENCER,

Government Street.

PERFECT FITS

GUARANTEED.

FASHIONABLE

CHOICEST STOCK IN THE CITY

SIMPKINS

PRICES REASONABLE

FIRST CLASS GOODS.

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS

TAILORING

88

Government Street

THREE DOORS FROM POST OFFICE.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

Have now a complete stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., for Winter wear.

A large assortment of CHRISTY'S Hats in the new styles, Mackintoshes and Umbrellas.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure APHRODITINE or money refunded,



BEFORE



AFTER

Is SOLD ON POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY
E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,
Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,
t no28-dw-rly Sole Agent for Victoria.

NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM VICtoria, my son A. LEWIS, holds my power of attorney.

LEWIS LEWIS.

Victoria, B. C., April 17th, 1890. ap18-1m

The Shuswap and Okanagon R'y Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A special general meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, on Saturday the 31st day of May, 1890, for the purpose of considering a resolution to be submitted to the shareholders, and if approved of by them, of passing such resolution for the issue of bonds of the Company for a sum not exceeding $25,000 per mile, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of the Parliament of Canada incorporating the said Company, and for securing the bonds to be so issued by a mortgage deed, with such powers, provisions and stipulations as may be described in the said deed, and may be approved of by the shareholders; and also for the purpose of considering such other business as may be brought before such meeting of shareholders.

P. LARKIN, President.

Dated at Victoria, this 17th day of April, 1890. ap25-td

THE CHOICEST PROPERTY

EVER OFFFRED FOR SALE ON PUGET SOUND.

Adjoining the TERMINAL GROUND OF THE PORT TOWNSEND AND SOUTHERN RAILROAD, fronting on the PRINCIPAL BUSINESS STREETS, and on the MOTOR LINE in the city of PORT TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON.

14 Choice Business Lots fronting both on Juan de Fuca and Elliott Avenues, size 50x150
24 Most desirable Business Lots fronting on Elliott and Silvester streets, size 50x110.
40 Beautiful Residence or Business Lots fronting on Lincoln, Garfield and Blaine sts., 50x110. Street car motor line is on Blaine street.

These lots range in prices from $1000, $1250, $1500, $2000, $2500 and $3000 each. Terms made easy and desirable.

ATTENTION, INVESTORS,

To the facts concerning this property. All lots fronting on Juan de Fuca, Elliott and Silvester Avenues are in the O. C. Hastings Addition; those on Lincoln, Garfield and Blaine streets are in the Hastings Estate Addition to Port Townsend. All the property is free from swamps, stumps, timber or rubbish, ready to be built upon. Most advantageously located, both as to the Street Cars, Railroad Depot and Steamer Landings, and adjoining the Railroad Subsidy Lands, fronting on the principal avenues running from the Port Townsend Southern Railroad wharves at the Bay, past the Depot, through to the Juan de Fuca Streets. Also fronting on and near the streets and avenues on which street cars are now running daily, and lies between the old townsite and the several Eisenbeis Additions to Port Townsend. People who desire to make investments or purchase desirable property for homes can rest assured that I am not selling holes in the ground, tide flats, the peaks of the Olympic Range, or miles from no place, or lands with questionable titles. For further information see

ELLIS MORRISON,

AT HOTEL DRIARD, - - VICTORIA, B. C.

ap25-3m

NEW GOODS. LATEST STYLES.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,

97 JOHNSON STREET.

GOOD VALUE. LOW PRICES.

me26

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.

VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Corner Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

no23

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA -:- THEATRE.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings,

The 28th and 29th April,

2 GRAND -:- PERFORMANCES 2

Of the highly successful Comic Opera,

ERMINIE,

In aid of the

B. C. BENEVOLENT SOC'Y

Large Chorus of 50 Voices.
FULL ORCHESTRA.
Elegant Costumes and Appointments,
(Made expressly for this production in San Francisco.)

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette, $1.00; Dress Circle $1.00; Gallery, 50 cents.

TICKETS are now on sale, and can be obtained from any member of the committee of the Benevolent Society, or at the leading stores. Reserve seats at Lombard's Music Store on and after Monday the 21st instant. ap18-10t

Victoria -:- Theatre.

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, May 1 & 2.

W. S. CLEVELAND'S

MAGNIFICENT HAVERLY

MINSTRELS

SWEATNAM
—AND FAT AND FUNNY—
BILLY RICE

Sumptuous Spectacular Scenic First-Part.

VENETIAN NIGHTS.

—The Original Oriental Patrol March—

The Egyptian Phalanx

AMAZING ANTIPODEAN ANNEX.

THE JAPS

4 LITTLE ALL RIGHTS! 4

H. W. SEMON, Bus. M'gr. P. S. MATTOX, G'l Agt

GRAND PARADE on the day of Performance.

SCALE OF PRICES, - - 50c. and $1.00.

Reserved seats may be secured at M. W. Waitt & Co.'s Book-tore. ap27-9-30&may1

VICTORIA -:- THEATRE.

Wednesday, 30th April, '90

FOR THIS NIGHT ONLY.

MRS. SCOTT

SIDDONS

WILL GIVE ONE OF HER

DRAMATIC READINGS,

Under the distinguished patronage of

His Honor Lieut.-Governor Nelson.

Seats at Waitt's at usual prices. ap27

CROAKERS

Should take notice that contrary to their doleful forebodings that

DEVLIN

THE GROCER

would bust if he persisted in

Closing his Store at 6 P. M.,

(SATURDAYS EXCEPTED,)

that he still adheres to his notice, and is meeting with renewed success, for which he thanks his customers and the public generally.

We work in our store, and are there for that purpose only; and trust, through renewed effort and proper honest working hours, to continue to merit the confidence and good will of the community, to whom I promise in return good value and straight dealing.

My Groceries, especially

TEA and COFFEE

are of the best, and I sell at reasonable prices.

A full line of Groceries, Flour, Feed and Provisions in stock.

Orders taken at family residence when so desired, and goods delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE No. 108.

STORE AND OFFICE:

Corner Yates and Broad Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

ap2-6mos-dw

A BARGAIN!

FOR SALE—A NEARLY NEW AND well-finished

HOUSE AND LOT,

On Hillside Avenue, Work Estate,

One minute's walk from the Electric Tramway.

House built on stone foundation and brick cellar.

Subject to a Building Society mortgage, payable on easy terms.

For particulars apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Brokers,

P. O. Box 438. 30 Fort street.

ap23-1w

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT certain alterations having been made to the original plan and specifications of the proposed work on James Bay Bridge tenderers on the said work are hereby requested to consult the said alterations (which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor) before completing and handing in their tenders.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, April 18, 1890. ap22